

TOSHIBA

Leading Innovation >>>

encore™ mini

User's Guide

If you need assistance:

Technical support is available online at Toshiba's Web site at support.toshiba.com. At this Web site, you will find answers for many commonly asked technical questions plus many downloadable software drivers, BIOS updates, and other downloads.

For more information, see "If Something Goes Wrong" on [page 79](#) in this guide.

California Prop 65 Warning

▲ WARNING Handling the cord on this product will expose you to lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. ***Wash hands after handling.***

BC For the state of California only.

Model: WT7-C Series

Recordable and/or ReWritable Drive(s) and Associated Software Warranty

The device system you purchased may include Recordable and/or ReWritable optical disc drive(s) and associated software, among the most advanced data storage technologies available. As with any new technology, you must read and follow all set-up and usage instructions in the applicable user guides and/or manuals enclosed or provided electronically. If you fail to do so, this product may not function properly and you may lose data or suffer other damage.

TOSHIBA AMERICA INFORMATION SYSTEMS, INC. (“TOSHIBA”), ITS AFFILIATES AND SUPPLIERS DO NOT WARRANT THAT OPERATION OF THE PRODUCT WILL BE UNINTERRUPTED OR ERROR FREE. YOU AGREE THAT TOSHIBA, ITS AFFILIATES AND SUPPLIERS SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGE TO OR LOSS OF ANY BUSINESS, PROFITS, PROGRAMS, DATA, NETWORK SYSTEMS OR REMOVABLE STORAGE MEDIA ARISING OUT OF OR RESULTING FROM THE USE OF THE PRODUCT, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY THEREOF.

Protection of Stored Data

For your important data, please make periodic back-up copies of all the data stored on the hard disk or other storage devices as a precaution against possible failures, alteration, or loss of the data. **IF YOUR DATA IS ALTERED OR LOST DUE TO ANY TROUBLE, FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION OF THE HARD DISK DRIVE OR OTHER STORAGE DEVICES AND THE DATA CANNOT BE RECOVERED, TOSHIBA SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGE OR LOSS OF DATA, OR ANY OTHER DAMAGE RESULTING THEREFROM. WHEN COPYING OR TRANSFERRING YOUR DATA, PLEASE BE SURE TO CONFIRM WHETHER THE DATA HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY COPIED OR TRANSFERRED. TOSHIBA DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR THE FAILURE TO COPY OR TRANSFER THE DATA CORRECTLY.**

Critical Applications

The device you have purchased is not designed for any “critical applications.” “Critical applications” means life support systems, medical applications, connections to implanted medical devices, commercial transportation, nuclear facilities or systems or any other applications where product failure could lead to injury to persons or loss of life or catastrophic property damage. **ACCORDINGLY, TOSHIBA, ITS AFFILIATES AND SUPPLIERS DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF THE device PRODUCTS IN ANY CRITICAL APPLICATIONS. IF YOU USE THE device PRODUCTS IN A CRITICAL APPLICATION, YOU, AND NOT TOSHIBA, ASSUME FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUCH USE.**

Radio Frequency (RF) Energy Exposure

When the transmitter and receiver on your device is powered ON, RF energy is received and transmitted. The power level your device transmits at is controlled by your network access while in communication.

Your device is approved to the radio standard by the country/region listed in the approved countries table for the module installed in your device.

FCC Notice “Declaration of Conformity Information”

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, it may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- ❖ Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- ❖ Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- ❖ Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- ❖ Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

NOTE

Only Peripherals complying with the FCC Class B limits may be attached to this equipment. Operation with noncompliant peripherals or peripherals not recommended by Toshiba is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception. Shielded cables must be used between the external devices and your device's ports. Changes or modifications made to this equipment not expressly approved by Toshiba or parties authorized by Toshiba could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- ❖ This device may not cause harmful interference.
- ❖ This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Contact Toshiba's Support Web site at support.toshiba.com.

Bluetooth® Wireless Technology Interoperability

NOTE This section is only applicable if your system has a *Bluetooth*® module.

Bluetooth® modules are designed to be interoperable with any product with *Bluetooth* wireless technology that is based on Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) radio technology, and is compliant to:

- ❖ *Bluetooth* Specification as defined and approved by The *Bluetooth* Special Interest Group.
- ❖ Logo certification with *Bluetooth* wireless technology as defined by The *Bluetooth* Special Interest Group.

CAUTION

Bluetooth modules enable wireless networks over two or more (up to a total of seven) TOSHIBA portable devices. Please contact TOSHIBA computer product support on Web site <http://www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/tnt/bluetooth.htm> in Europe or support.toshiba.com in the United States for more information.

When you use a *Bluetooth* module close to 2.4 GHz Wireless LAN devices, *Bluetooth* transmissions might slow down or cause errors. If you detect certain interference while you use a *Bluetooth* device, always change the frequency, move your device to the area outside of the interference range of 2.4 GHz Wireless LAN devices (40 meters/43.74 yards or more) or stop transmitting from your device. Please contact TOSHIBA computer product support on Web site <http://www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/tnt/bluetooth.htm> in Europe or support.toshiba.com in the United States for more information.

Bluetooth and Wireless LAN devices operate within the same radio frequency range and may interfere with one another. If you use *Bluetooth* and Wireless LAN devices simultaneously, you may occasionally experience a less than optimal network performance or even lose your network connection. If you should experience any such problem, immediately turn off either one of your *Bluetooth* or Wireless LAN. Please contact Toshiba computer product support on Web site <http://www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/tnt/bluetooth.htm> in Europe or support.toshiba.com in the United States for more information.

Bluetooth® Wireless Technology and Your Health

The products with *Bluetooth*® wireless technology, like other radio devices, emit radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by devices with *Bluetooth* wireless technology however is much less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by wireless devices such as mobile phones.

Because products with *Bluetooth* wireless technology operate within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations, TOSHIBA believes *Bluetooth* wireless technology is safe for use by consumers. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature.

In some situations or environments, the use of *Bluetooth* wireless technology may be restricted by the proprietor of the building or responsible representatives of the organization. These situations may for example include:

- ❖ Using the equipment with *Bluetooth* wireless technology on board airplanes, or
- ❖ In any other environment where the risk of interference to other devices or services is perceived or identified as harmful.

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies on the use of wireless devices in a specific organization or environment (e.g. airports), you are encouraged to ask for authorization to use the device with *Bluetooth* wireless technology prior to turning on the equipment.

CAUTION Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation

The radiated output power of the *Bluetooth* module is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the *Bluetooth* module shall be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized.

Wireless Interoperability

Wireless LAN products are designed to be interoperable with any wireless LAN product that is based on Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) radio technology, and is compliant to:

- ❖ The IEEE 802.11 Standard on Wireless LANs (Revision a/b/g/n/ac), as defined and approved by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers.
- ❖ The Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi®) certification as defined by the Wi-Fi Alliance. The “Wi-Fi CERTIFIED” logo is a certification mark of the Wi-Fi Alliance.

CAUTION

Bluetooth® and Wireless LAN devices operate within the same radio frequency range and may interfere with one another. If you use *Bluetooth* and Wireless LAN devices simultaneously, you may occasionally experience a less than optimal network performance or even lose your network connection.

If you should experience any such problem, immediately turn off your *Bluetooth* or Wireless LAN device.

Please contact Toshiba computer product support on Web site <http://www.toshiba-europe.com/computers/tnt/bluetooth.htm> in Europe or support.toshiba.com in the United States for more information.

CAUTION

Radio Frequency Interference Requirements

This device is restricted to indoor use due to its operation in the 5.15 GHz to 5.25 GHz frequency range. FCC requires this product to be used indoors for frequency range 5.15 GHz to 5.25 GHz to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel Mobile Satellite systems.

Please note that high-power radars are allocated as primary users of the 5.25 GHz to 5.35 GHz and 5.65 GHz to 5.85 GHz bands. These radar stations can cause interference with and/or damage this device.

NOTE

The above caution applies to products that operate with an 802.11a radio device.

Wireless LAN and Your Health

Wireless LAN products, like other radio devices, emit radio frequency electromagnetic energy. The level of energy emitted by Wireless LAN devices however is far much less than the electromagnetic energy emitted by wireless devices like for example mobile phones.

Because Wireless LAN products operate within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations, TOSHIBA believes Wireless LAN is safe for use by consumers. These standards and recommendations reflect the consensus of the scientific community and result from deliberations of panels and committees of scientists who continually review and interpret the extensive research literature.

In some situations or environments, the use of Wireless LAN may be restricted by the proprietor of the building or responsible representatives of the organization. These situations may for example include:

- ❖ Using the Wireless LAN equipment on board airplanes, or
- ❖ In any other environment where the risk of interference to other devices or services is perceived or identified as harmful.

If you are uncertain of the policy that applies on the use of wireless devices in a specific organization or environment (e.g. airports), you are encouraged to ask for authorization to use the Wireless LAN device prior to turning on the equipment.

CAUTION**Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation**

The radiated output power of the Wireless LAN is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. Nevertheless, the Wireless LAN shall be used in such a manner that the potential for human contact during normal operation is minimized. The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Specific Absorption Rate (IEEE)

Your device is designed to be in compliance with Radio Waves exposure regulations and does not exceed the limits for exposure to radio waves (radio frequency electromagnetic fields) in accordance with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and Industry Canada (IC). A substantial safety margin is set to assure the safety of all persons, regardless of health.

A unit of measurement known as the Specific Absorption rate, or SAR is utilized for the radio wave exposure guidelines. The SAR measurement for devices does not exceed 1.6W/kg.

The actual SAR values for your device, while in use, are normally well below the stated values. The operating power of your device is automatically decreased when full power is not needed for the wireless connection to increase system efficiency and to minimize interference on the network. The lower the power output of the device the lower its SAR value.

As stated by the World Health Organization, present scientific information indicates no special precautions are needed for the use of this device. To further reduce any exposure, limit your usage.

⚠ WARNING

Turn Wi-Fi®, *Bluetooth*®, and Wireless WAN Functionalities off for Cardiac Pacemakers

- ❖ Turn Wi-Fi®, *Bluetooth*®, and Wireless WAN functionality off when you are near a person who may have a cardiac pacemaker implant or other medical electric device. Radio waves may affect pacemaker or medical device operation, possibly resulting in serious injury. Follow the instructions of your medical device when using any Wi-Fi® or *Bluetooth*® or Wireless WAN functionality.
-

Canada – Industry Canada (IC)

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

This device complies with RSS 210 of Industry Canada.

CAUTION

The installer of this radio equipment must ensure that the antenna is located or pointed such that it does not emit RF field in excess of Health Canada limits for the general population; consult Safety Code 6, obtainable from Health Canada's Web site www.hc-sc.gc.ca/rpb. The RF device shall not be co-located with any other transmitter that has not been tested with this device.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of this device.

L' utilisation de ce dispositif est soumise aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) il ne doit pas produire de brouillage et (2) l'utilisateur du dispositif doit être prêt à accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique reçu, même s'il est susceptible de compromettre son fonctionnement.

The term "IC" before the equipment certification number only signifies that the Industry Canada technical specifications were met.

To prevent radio interference to the licensed service, this device is intended to be operated indoors and away from windows to provide maximum shielding. Equipment (or its transmit antenna) that is installed outdoors is subject to licensing.

Pour empêcher que cet appareil cause du brouillage au service faisant l'objet d'une licence, il doit être utilisé à l'intérieur et devrait être placé loin des fenêtres afin de fournir un écran de blindage maximal. Si le matériel (ou son antenne d'émission) est installé à l'extérieur, il doit faire l'objet d'une licence.

CAUTION

This device is restricted to indoor use due to its operation in the 5.15 GHz to 5.25 GHz frequency range. Industry Canada requires this product to be used indoors for frequency range 5.15 GHz to 5.25 GHz to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel Mobile Satellite systems.

Please note that high-power radars are allocated as primary users of the 5.25 GHz to 5.35 GHz and 5.65 GHz to 5.85 GHz bands. These radar stations can cause interference with and/or damage this device.

Les dispositifs fonctionnant dans la bande 5150-5250 MHz sont réservés uniquement pour une utilisation à l'intérieur afin de réduire les risques de brouillage préjudiciable aux systèmes de satellites mobiles utilisant les mêmes canaux.

Veillez noter que les utilisateurs de radars de haute puissance sont désignés utilisateurs principaux (c.-à-d., qu'ils ont la priorité) pour les bandes 5250-5350 MHz et 5650-5850 MHz et que ces radars pourraient causer du brouillage et/ou des dommages aux dispositifs LAN-EL.

NOTE The above caution applies to products that operate with an 802.11a radio device.

Regulatory statements

This product complies with any mandatory product specification in any country/region where the product is sold. In addition, the product complies with the following:

EU Declaration of Conformity

TOSHIBA declares that this product conforms to the following Standards:

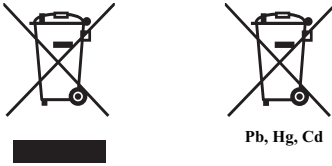


Supplementary Information: *The product complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC, the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and/or the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC, compatible with the RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and the Eco Design Directive 2009/125/EC (ErP) and the related implementing measures.

This product is carrying the CE-Mark in accordance with the related European Directives. The party responsible for CE-Marking is TOSHIBA Europe GmbH, Hammfelddamm 8, 41460 Neuss, Germany.

The European Union WEEE (Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment) Directive Information

The European Union WEEE (Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment) Directive is intended to protect the quality of the environment and human health through the responsible use of natural resources and the adoption of waste management strategies that focus on recycling and reuse. This Directive requires producers of electrical and electronic products put on the market in European Union (EU) member countries after August 2005 to mark such products with a crossed-out wheeled bin with a black bar symbol. If the product's battery or accumulator contains more than the specified values of lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), and/or cadmium (Cd) defined in the Battery Directive (2006/66/EC), then the chemical symbols for lead (Pb), mercury (Hg) and/or cadmium (Cd) will appear below the crossed out wheeled bin symbol on the battery.



In the European Union, these symbols indicate that when the last end user wishes to discard this product, it must be sent to appropriate facilities for recovery and recycling. This Directive applies to EU member countries only and does not apply to end users in other countries such as the United States.

Although the initial emphasis is in Europe, Toshiba is already working with design engineers, suppliers, and other partners to determine appropriate worldwide product life cycle planning and end-of-life strategies for our products. Please contact your local government for applicable laws and regulations governing the disposal of this product. For information on how to trade-in or recycle your product, visit www.reuse.toshiba.com.

Europe - Restrictions for use of 2.4 GHz Frequencies in European Community Countries

België/ Belgique:	For private usage outside buildings across public grounds over less than 300m no special registration with IBPT/BIPT is required. Registration to IBPT/BIPT is required for private usage outside buildings across public grounds over more than 300m. For registration and license please contact IBPT/BIPT.
	Voor privé-gebruik buiten gebouw over publieke grond over afstand kleiner dan 300m geen registratie bij BIPT/IBPT nodig; voor gebruik over afstand groter dan 300m is wel registratie bij BIPT/IBPT nodig. Voor registratie of licentie kunt u contact opnemen met BIPT.
	Dans le cas d'une utilisation privée, à l'extérieur d'un bâtiment, au-dessus d'un espace public, aucun enregistrement n'est nécessaire pour une distance de moins de 300m. Pour une distance supérieure à 300m un enregistrement auprès de l'IBPT est requise. Pour les enregistrements et licences, veuillez contacter l'IBPT.
Deutschland:	License required for outdoor installations. Check with reseller for procedure to follow.
	Anmeldung im Outdoor-Bereich notwendig, aber nicht genehmigungspflichtig. Bitte mit Händler die Vorgehensweise abstimmen.
France:	Restricted frequency band: only channels 1 to 7 (2400 MHz and 2454 MHz respectively) may be used outdoors in France. Please contact A.R.T. (http://www.art-telecom.fr) for applicable procedures to follow.
	Bande de fréquence restreinte: seuls les canaux 1- 7 (2400 et 2454 MHz respectivement) doivent être utilisés endroits extérieur en France. Vous pouvez contacter l'Autorité de Régulation des Télécommunications (http://www.art-telecom.fr) pour la procédure à suivre.
Italia:	License required for indoor use. Use with outdoor installations not allowed.
	È necessaria la concessione ministeriale anche per l'uso interno. Verificare con i rivenditori la procedura da seguire.
Nederland:	License required for outdoor installations. Check with reseller for procedure to follow.
	Licentie verplicht voor gebruik met buitenantennes. Neem contact op met verkoper voor juiste procedure.

Europe - Restrictions for Use of 5 GHz Frequencies in European Community Countries

European Community Countries	5150-5250 MHz Channels: 36, 40, 44, 48 Indoor Only	5250-5350 MHz Channels: 52, 56, 60, 64 Indoor Only	5470-5725 MHz Channels: 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140 Indoor/Outdoor
Austria	O	x	x
Belgium, France, Switzerland/ Liechtenstein	O	O	x
Denmark, Finland, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Sweden, UK	O	O	O
Iceland, Spain	O	O	O

O: allowed x: forbidden

- ❖ To remain in conformance with European spectrum usage laws for Wireless LAN operation, the above 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz channel limitations apply. The user should use the wireless LAN utility to check the current channel of operation. If operation is occurring outside of the allowable frequencies as listed above, the user must cease operating the Wireless LAN at that location and consult the local technical support staff responsible for the wireless network.
- ❖ The 5 GHz Turbo mode feature is not allowed for operation in any European Community country.
- ❖ This device must not be operated in ad-hoc mode using channels in the 5 GHz bands in the European Community. Ad-hoc mode provides a direct communication between two client devices without a Wireless LAN Access Point.

- ❖ This device must be used with Access Points that have employed and activated a radar detection feature required for European Community operation in the 5 GHz bands. This device will operate under the control of the Access Point in order to avoid operating on a channel occupied by any radar system in the area. The presence of nearby radar operation may result in temporary interruption of operation of this device. The Access Point's radar detection feature will automatically restart operation on a channel free of radar. You may consult with the local technical support staff responsible for the wireless network to ensure the Access Point device(s) are properly configured for European Community operation.

Taiwan

Article 14	Unless approved, for any model accredited low power radio frequency electric machinery, any company, trader or user shall not change the frequency, increase the power or change the features and functions of the original design.
Article 17	Any use of low power radio frequency electric machinery shall not affect aviation safety and interfere with legal communications. In the event interference is caused, the use of such electric machinery shall be immediately discontinued. Operation of such products can be resumed only when they are modified and can no longer cause interference.

The legal communications mentioned in the above item refer to radio communications operated in accordance with telecommunication laws and regulations.

Low power radio frequency electric machinery shall resist against interference from legal communications or from industrial, scientific and medical radio emission electric machinery.

Using this Equipment in Japan

In Japan, the frequency bandwidth of 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz for second generation low-power data communication systems such as this equipment overlaps that of mobile object identification systems (premises radio station and specified low-power radio station).

1. Sticker

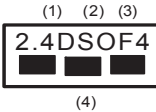
Please put the following sticker on devices incorporating this product.

The frequency bandwidth of this equipment may operate within the same range as industrial devices, scientific devices, medical devices, microwave ovens, licensed radio stations and non-licensed specified low-power radio stations for mobile object identification systems (RFID) used in factory product lines (Other Radio Stations).

1. Before using this equipment, ensure that it does not interfere with any of the equipment listed above.
2. If this equipment causes RF interference to other radio stations, promptly change the frequency being used, change the location of use, or turn off the source of emissions.
3. Contact TOSHIBA Direct PC if you have problems with interference caused by this product to Other Radio Stations.

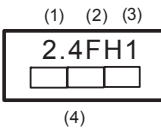
2. Indication

The indication shown below appears on this equipment.



- 1 2.4: This equipment uses a frequency of 2.4 GHz.
- 2 DS: This equipment uses DS-SS modulation.
OF: This equipment uses OFDM modulation.
- 3 The interference range of this equipment is less than 40m.
- 4 ■■■ This equipment uses a frequency bandwidth from 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz.
It is possible to avoid the band of mobile object identification systems.

The indication shown below appears on this equipment.



- 1 2.4: This equipment uses a frequency of 2.4 GHz.
- 2 FH: This equipment uses FH-SS modulation.
- 3 The interference range of this equipment is less than 10m.
- 4 This equipment uses a frequency bandwidth from 2,400 MHz to 2,483.5 MHz.

3. TOSHIBA Direct PC

Monday – Friday: 10:00 – 17:00

Toll Free Tel: 0120-15-1048

Direct Dial: 03-3457-4850

Fax: 03-3457-4868

VCCI Class B Information

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取扱説明書に従って正しい取り扱いをして下さい。

Device Authorization

This device obtains the Technical Regulation Conformity Certification and the Technical Conditions Compliance Approval, and it belongs to the device class of radio equipment of low-power data communication system radio station stipulated in the Radio Law and the Telecommunications Business Law of Japan.

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Wi-Fi® is a registered trademark of the Wi-Fi Alliance®.

All other brand and product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

Licenses

This Product is licensed under the AVC, the VC-1 and the MPEG-4 Part 2 Visual patent portfolio licenses for the personal and non-commercial use of a consumer to (i) encode video in compliance with the above standards (“Video Standards”) and/or (ii) decode AVC, VC-1 and MPEG-4 Part 2 Visual that was encoded by a consumer engaged in personal and non-commercial activity or was obtained from a video provider licensed to provide such video. None of the licenses extend to any other product regardless of whether such product is included with this product in a single article. No license is granted or shall be implied for any other use. Additional information may be obtained from MPEG LA, LLC. See www.mpegla.com.

Device Recycling Information

As part of a commitment to people and the future, Toshiba promotes the efficient use of resources by working to achieve our zero-waste-to-landfill goal at all our production sites. In addition to our existing waste reduction and recycling policies, Toshiba is strongly committed to reducing electronic waste. In order to ensure efficient use of resources and appropriate treatment of hazardous substances, in accordance with recycling regulations in each state, country, and territory, Toshiba wants to make it easy for customers to recycle products at the end of the life cycle. To learn more about Toshiba's sustainability commitment, visit [toshiba.com/recycle](https://www.toshiba.com/recycle).

Reuse, Donation, Recycling

Functional devices can be donated to a local charity or resold easily through a Toshiba-branded program.

Non working Toshiba devices can be mailed-back for free recycling.

For additional details, please visit [toshiba.com/recycle](https://www.toshiba.com/recycle).

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Introduction

Welcome to the world of powerful, portable, multimedia computing. With your Toshiba device, your work and entertainment can accompany you wherever you go.

NOTE This device is compatible with European Union Directive 2011/65/EU, Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS), which restricts use of certain chemicals including, but not limited to, lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB, and PBDE. Toshiba requires its device component suppliers to meet RoHS requirements and verifies its suppliers' commitment to meeting RoHS requirements by conducting component sampling inspections during the product design approval process.

NOTE

Certain Microsoft® software product(s) included with this device may use technological measures for copy protection. IN SUCH EVENT, YOU WILL NOT BE ABLE TO USE THE PRODUCT IF YOU DO NOT FULLY COMPLY WITH THE PRODUCT ACTIVATION PROCEDURES. Product activation procedures and Microsoft's privacy policy will be detailed during initial launch of the product, or upon certain reinstallations of the software product(s) or reconfigurations of the device, and may be completed by Internet or telephone (toll charges may apply).

Some software may differ from its retail version (if available), and may not include user manuals or all program functionality.

NOTE

The product specifications and configuration information are designed for a product Series. Your particular model may not have all the features and specifications listed or illustrated. For more detailed information about the features and specifications on your particular model, please visit Toshiba's Web site at support.toshiba.com.

While Toshiba has made every effort at the time of publication to ensure the accuracy of the information provided herein, product specifications, configurations, prices, system/component/options availability are all subject to change without notice. For the most up-to-date product information about your device, or to stay current with the various computer software or hardware options, visit Toshiba's Web site at support.toshiba.com.

This guide

This guide introduces the device's features as well as some basic procedures needed to perform tasks in Windows 8.1. You can:

- ❖ Read the entire guide from beginning to end.
- ❖ Skim through and stop when a topic interests you.
- ❖ Use the table of contents and the index to find specific information.

Safety icons

This manual contains safety instructions that must be observed to avoid potential hazards that could result in personal injuries, damage to your equipment, or loss of data. These safety cautions have been classified according to the seriousness of the risk, and icons highlight these instructions as follows:



DANGER Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.



CAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.



Provides important information.

Other icons used

Additional icons highlight other helpful or educational information:



TECHNICAL NOTE: This icon indicates technical information about the device.



HINT: This icon indicates helpful hints and tips.



DEFINITION: This icon indicates the definition of a term used in the text.

Your device's features and specifications

Certain device chassis are designed to accommodate all possible configurations for an entire product Series. Your select model may not have all the features and specifications corresponding to all of the icons or switches shown on the device chassis, unless you have selected all those features.

This information applies to all the features and icons described in this guide.

Below are examples of some of the many possible icons used on your device:



(Sample Illustration) System icons

Documentation

Your device comes with the following documentation:

- ❖ An electronic version of the User's Guide (this document)
- ❖ A Quick Start document
- ❖ It may also include other documentation

For accessory information, visit Toshiba's Web site at accessories.toshiba.com.

Service options

Toshiba offers a full line of service programs to complement its standard limited warranty. Toshiba's standard limited warranty, extended warranty, and service upgrade terms and conditions are available at warranty.toshiba.com.

To stay current on the most recent software and hardware options for your device, and for other product information, be sure to regularly check the Toshiba Web site at support.toshiba.com.

If you have a problem or need to contact Toshiba, see "If Something Goes Wrong" on page 79.

Precautions

Your device is designed to provide optimum safety and ease of use, and to withstand the rigors of travel. You should observe certain precautions to further reduce the risk of personal injury or damage to the device.

▲ WARNING Keep this device away from small children. This device is not a toy and may be hazardous to small children, for example, small detachable parts may be a choking hazard. Improper use of device could result in loud volume emitting from the device possibly causing hearing damage, and improper use and handling of batteries could result in possible injury.

CAUTION Never place a heavy object on the device and be careful not to drop a heavy object onto the device. It could damage the device or cause system failure.

- ❖ Turning off the device while it is reading from or writing to flash media may damage the flash media.
- ❖ Keep the device and disks away from objects that generate strong magnetic fields, such as large stereo speakers.
- ❖ Scan all new files for viruses.

This precaution is especially important for files you receive via email or download from the Internet. Occasionally, even new programs you buy from a supplier may contain a virus. You need a special program to check for viruses.

File management tips

- ❖ Back up your files to external media on a regular basis. Label the backup copies clearly and store them in a safe place.

As you work with data it exists in the device's memory. This memory is called "volatile memory" because it is only active while the device is turned on. When you turn off the device, all the data remaining in volatile memory is lost. To help avoid data loss, save your work to Internal Storage or network storage. Your work (data) will remain in internal storage to be called up when you need it. As long as the internal storage remains healthy, your data is relatively safe. However on occasion, hardware failures do happen. If you experience a hardware failure, your data could be lost. As an extra step to help avoid data loss, back up your data. See "[Backing up your work](#)" on page 54 for more information.

- ❖ Scan all new files for viruses.
This precaution is especially important for files you receive via external media, email, or download from the Internet.

Chapter 1

Getting Started

This chapter provides tips for using your device effectively, summarizes how to connect components, and explains what to do the first time you use your device.

Please read the safety instruction information on the Quick Start document (that shipped with your device) carefully and make sure you fully understand the instructions before you attempt to use your device in order to avoid potential hazards that could cause bodily injury, property damage, or damage the device.

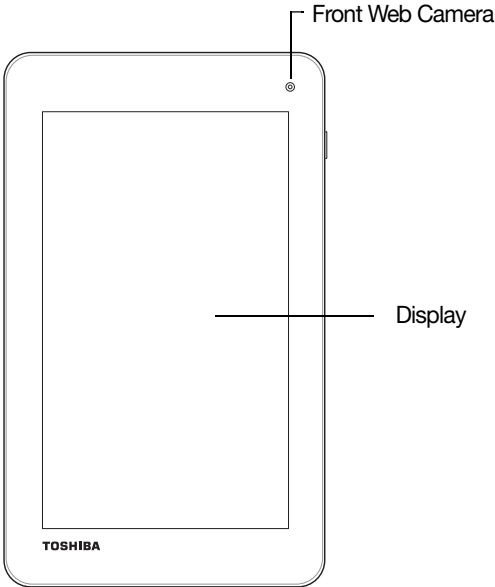
Selecting a place to work

Your device is portable and designed to be used in a variety of circumstances and locations.

Features and components

For further details on each of the items listed in the following section, be sure to follow the provided references to sections later in this document.

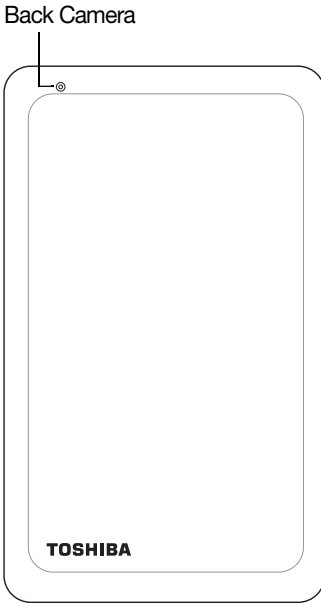
Front



(Sample Illustration) Front view

- ❖ **Front Web Camera**—Allows you to take still photos (includes flash settings) or record videos. For more information, see [“Using the Web Camera” on page 73](#).

Back



(Sample Illustration) Back view

- ❖ **Back Camera**—Allows you to take still photos (includes flash settings) or record videos.

Left side



(Sample Illustration) Left side view

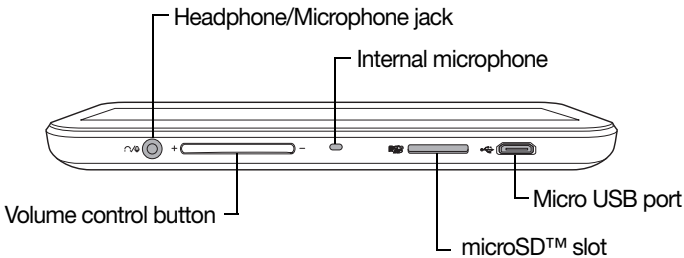
Right side



(Sample Illustration) Right side view

- ❖ **Power button**—Turns the device on and off. Press and hold the button for several seconds to turn the device ON/OFF. Press the button quickly to wake the device from Sleep mode or to place it into Sleep mode. For more information, see [“To Shut down your device” on page 40](#).

Top

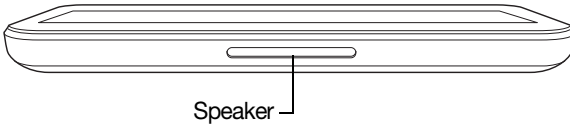


(Sample Illustration) Top view

- ❖ **Headphone/Microphone jack**—Allows you to listen to or record sounds onto your device. For more information, see [“Using external speakers or headphones” on page 72](#).
- ❖ **Volume control button**—Allows you to increase/decrease the volume.
- ❖ **Internal microphone**—Allows you to record sounds using the device’s internal microphone or an optional external microphone. You can listen to audio files using the built-in speakers, headphones, or external speakers.

- ❖ **microSD™ slot**—Supports the use of microSD™ (SD™) media. For more information, see [“Using a microSD™ Card” on page 73.](#)
- ❖ **Micro USB port**—Allows the transfer of data via the USB cable. Also allows charging of the battery when connected to the USB port of a powered ON computer, or via a USB power cord and optional USB/AC adaptor. See [“Charging the battery” on page 37.](#)

Bottom



(Sample Illustration) FBottom view

- ❖ **Speaker**—Allow you to listen to sounds on your device. For more information, see [“Exploring audio features” on page 71.](#)

Setting up your device



TECHNICAL NOTE: You must complete all setup steps up to and including [“Setting up your software” on page 39](#) before adding external or internal components to your device. These components include, but are not limited to, a mouse, keyboard, and printer.

Your device contains a rechargeable battery that need to be charged before you can use it.

To use external power or to charge the battery you must attach the USB power cord and an optional USB/AC adaptor. See [“Connecting to a power source” on page 36.](#)

NOTE

Please handle your device carefully to avoid scratching or damaging the surface.

Connecting to a power source

NOTE Toshiba recommends you use the USB power cable included with your device and an optional compatible USB/AC adaptor. A compatible USB/AC adaptor is available for purchase at toshiba.com/us.

Your device requires power to operate. Use the provided USB power cable and separate optional compatible USB/AC adaptor to connect the device to a live electrical outlet to charge the device's battery.

▲ WARNING Always confirm that the power plug (and extension cable plug if used) has been fully inserted into the socket, to ensure a secure electrical connection. Failure to do so may result in a fire or electric shock, possibly resulting in serious injury.

Be careful if you use a multiple connector. An overload on one socket could cause a fire or electric shock, possibly resulting in serious injury.

▲ WARNING Always use a compatible Toshiba USB/AC adaptor with your device, or use USB/AC adaptors specified by Toshiba to avoid any risk of fire or other damage to the device. Use of an incompatible USB/AC adaptor could cause fire or damage to the device possibly resulting in serious injury. TOSHIBA assumes no liability for any damage caused by use of an incompatible adaptor.

To connect AC power to the device:

- 1 Connect the USB power cable to an optional compatible USB/AC adaptor.
-

▲ WARNING Handling the cord on this product will expose you to lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Wash hands after handling.

- 2 Plug the USB power cable into the Micro USB port on the device.

NOTE To locate your Micro USB port, please refer to your Quick Start document.

NOTE Do not force the plug into device.

- 3 Connect the optional compatible USB/AC adaptor to a live electrical outlet.

⚠ WARNING Never attempt to connect or disconnect a power plug with wet hands. Failure to follow this instruction could result in an electric shock, possibly resulting in serious injury.

Charging the battery

NOTE The device's battery is not accessible by the user.

⚠ WARNING If the device is leaking or its case is cracked, put on protective gloves to handle it.

Your device contains a rechargeable battery that may need to be charged prior to use.

To charge the battery you must attach the provided USB power cable to a USB port on your powered on computer. While connected, your computer must be turned ON and plugged into a power source.

NOTE Battery life and charge time may vary depending on the external conditions, or the applications and features used.

NOTE Please handle your device carefully to avoid scratching or damaging the surface.

USB Charge—In “Sleep mode,” you can also charge your tablet, although more slowly, by connecting the USB power cable to the USB port on another computer. Please make sure your computer is turned ON while charging via USB. If your computer is turned OFF, depending on the computer’s specifications, the tablet battery may discharge. Toshiba recommends that you do not use your tablet while charging via USB as auto shut down may occur if the battery charge is too low.

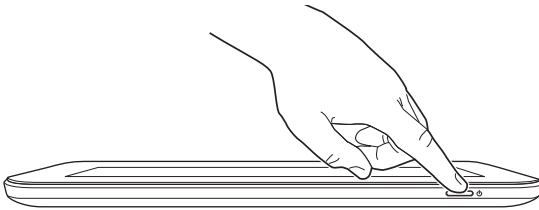
Using the device for the first time

The device is now ready for you to turn it on and begin using it, see “[Exploring Your Device’s Features](#)” on page 65.

Turning on the power

To turn on the device:

- 1 Make sure any external devices (such as the USB/AC adaptor, if you plan to use AC power rather than battery power) are properly connected and ready.
- 2 Check to ensure that all slots are empty.
- 3 Press and hold the Power button for several seconds.



(Sample Illustration) Turning on the power

Initial setup

The Startup screen is the first screen displayed when you turn on your device for the first time. Follow the on-screen instructions on each screen in order to properly install the operating system and begin using your device.

Setting up your software

CAUTION

When you turn on the device for the first time, do not turn off the power again until the operating system has loaded completely.

NOTE

The names of windows displayed, and the order in which windows appear, may vary according to your software setup choices.

The first time you turn on your device, the setup guides you through steps to set up your software. Follow the on-screen instructions.

Registering your device with Toshiba

Product registration is strongly recommended, and allows Toshiba to send you periodic updates, announcements, and special offers applicable to your Product. Product registration can be completed by one of three methods:

- 1 From the Toshiba Web site at register.toshiba.com:
Touch a field to activate the on-screen keyboard, type in the requested information, and complete the registration process.
- 2 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search** (🔍) charm and, in the Search field, type **Registration**. In the list that appears, touch **Toshiba Registration** and complete the registration process.

Failure to complete Product Registration will not diminish your rights under the Toshiba Standard Limited Warranty.

NOTE

To register online, an Internet connection is required.

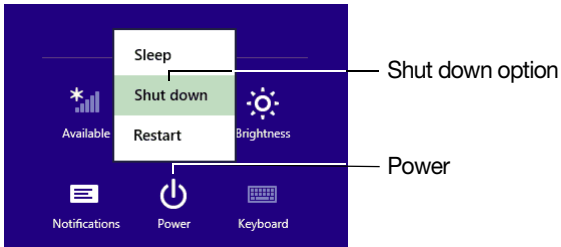
To Shut down your device

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen.
- 2 When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Settings** (⚙️) charm.

CAUTION

Pressing the power button before shutting down the Windows® operating system could cause you to lose your work.

- 3 In the lower right of the screen touch the **Power** (🔌) icon.



(Sample Image) Shut down

- 4 Touch the **Shut down** option.
The device closes all open applications, shuts down the operating system, and then turns off.

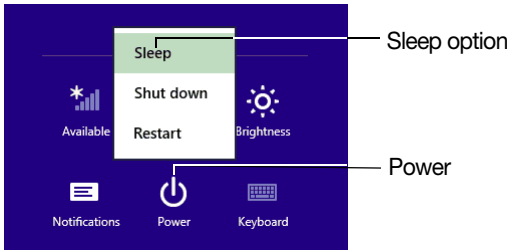
To place your device in Sleep mode

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen.
- 2 When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Settings** (⚙️) charm.

CAUTION

If you power down using the Sleep command and the battery discharges fully, your unsaved information will be lost. Be sure to save your work first.

- 3 In the lower right of the screen touch the **Power** (⏻) icon.



(Sample Image) Sleep

- 4 Touch the **Sleep** option.

Sleep mode saves the current state of the device to memory so that, when you restart the device, you can continue working from where you left off.

Adding optional external devices

NOTE Before adding external devices, Toshiba recommends setting up your software. See [“Setting up your software” on page 39](#).

After starting your device for the first time you may want to connect your external devices (see [“Connecting an external device” on page 47](#))

Refresh or Reset your PC

Your device includes Refresh and Reset utilities to allow you to Refresh or Reset your PC if necessary.

The following Refresh and Reset options are available:

Recovery option	Description
Refresh your PC (with user's data)	This option allows you to refresh your system without losing your data. See “Refresh your PC (with user's data)” on page 42 .
Reset your PC	This option allows you to remove all data from your system and reinstall Windows®. See “Reset your PC” on page 44 .

-
- NOTE**
- ❖ During the Refresh or Reset process your device must be connected to an external power source via an optional USB/AC adaptor.
 - ❖ When you Refresh your system, only the operating system files and drivers originally shipped with the device may be restored. Any files that you created may not be restored during this process. Be sure to separately save the files you have created to external media using Windows® or another backup program. For more information, see [“Backing up your work” on page 54.](#)
-

Refresh your PC (with user's data)


CAUTION Using “Refresh your PC” recovers your Windows® installation to an earlier state while attempting to keep your data and apps you installed from the Windows® Store. Your PC settings and any Desktop Applications installed from media or websites will be deleted. Toshiba does not guarantee that your data will not be deleted during the Refresh process. Please make a back up of your data to external media before executing this process. For more information, see [“Backing up your work” on page 54.](#)

- NOTE** It is recommended that during the recovery process your device should be connected to an external power source.
-

You can recover the factory default software (refresh your PC), while the device will attempt to back up your data using the utilities stored on your device's internal storage drive:

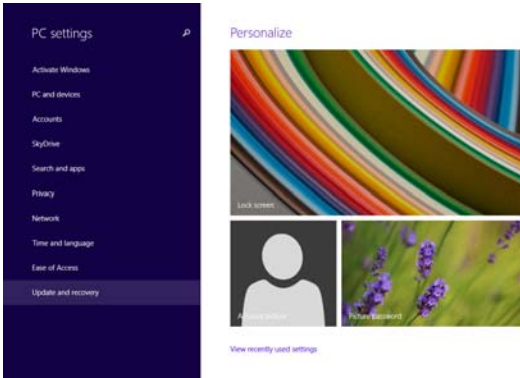


TECHNICAL NOTE: Your data will be copied into the backup folder. All of the data will be moved to this folder during the recovery process, however the current directory structure will be retained.

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen.
- 2 When the Windows® charms appear touch the **Settings**  charm.

3 Touch Change PC Settings.

The PC settings window appears.



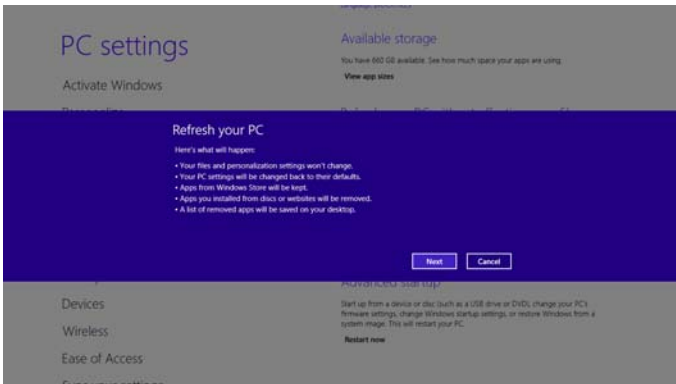
(Sample Image) PC settings screen

4 Touch Update and recovery.

5 Touch Recovery.

6 Under **Refresh your PC without affecting your files** touch **Get Started**.

The “Refresh your PC” screen appears.

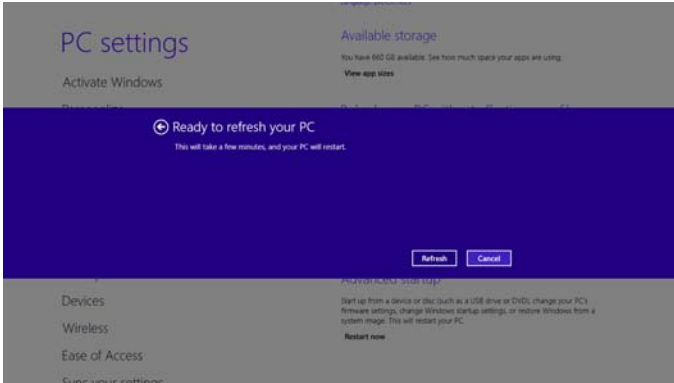


(Sample Image) Refresh your PC screen

CAUTION

Toshiba does not guarantee successful data back up. Be sure to save your work to external media before executing the recovery (see “Backing up your work” on page 54).

- 7 Touch the **Next** button to begin.
The “Ready to refresh your PC” screen appears.



(Sample Image) Ready to refresh your PC screen

- You will be prompted to refresh your system.
- 8 Touch the **Refresh** button.
 - 9 Your system will restart.
- The “Refreshing your PC” window appears. When the process is complete your system will reboot your Windows® operating system.

Reset your PC

CAUTION

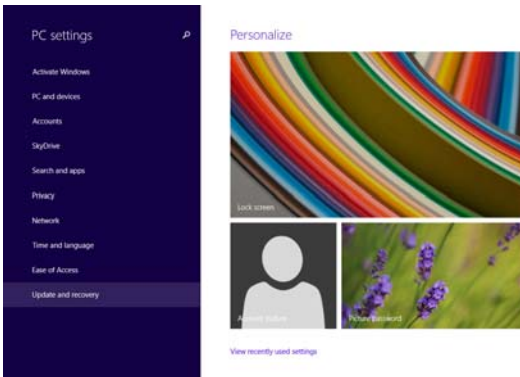
The recovery process deletes information stored on the internal storage drive. Be sure to save your work to external media before executing the recovery (see [“Backing up your work” on page 54](#)).

NOTE

It is recommended that during the recovery process your device should be connected to an external power source.

- NOTE** For some models, Microsoft® Office will no longer be present after the recovery completes. To reinstall Microsoft® Office, please follow the instructions described below:
- ❖ If you have a product key for a Microsoft® Office 365 product, you may enter it at <https://officesetup.getmicrosoftkey.com/> to download and install.
 - ❖ You may also install it directly from your Microsoft® Office account at <https://office.microsoft.com/MyAccount.aspx>.

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen.
- 2 When the Windows® charms appear touch the **Settings** (⚙️) charm.
- 3 Touch **Change PC Settings**.
The PC settings window appears.

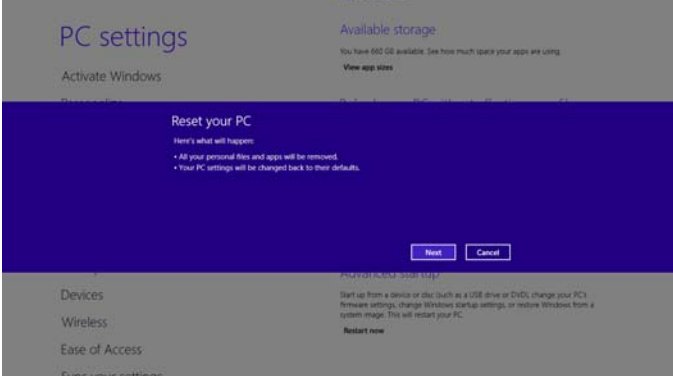


(Sample Image) PC settings screen

- 4 Touch **Update and recovery**.
- 5 Touch **Recovery**.

6 Under **Remove everything and reinstall Windows** touch **Get Started**.

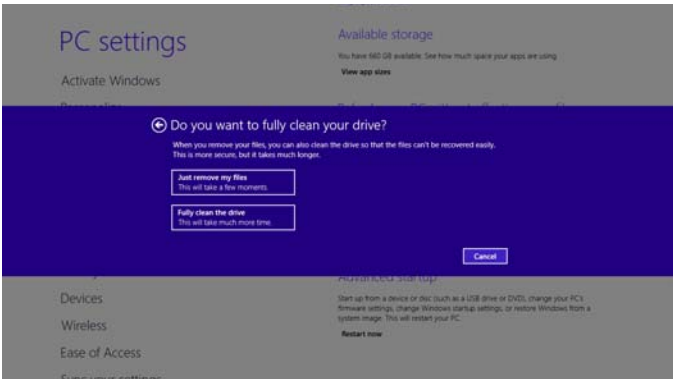
The “Reset your PC” screen appears.



(Sample Image) Reset your PC screen

7 Touch the **Next** button.

The “Do you want to fully clean your drive?” screen appears.

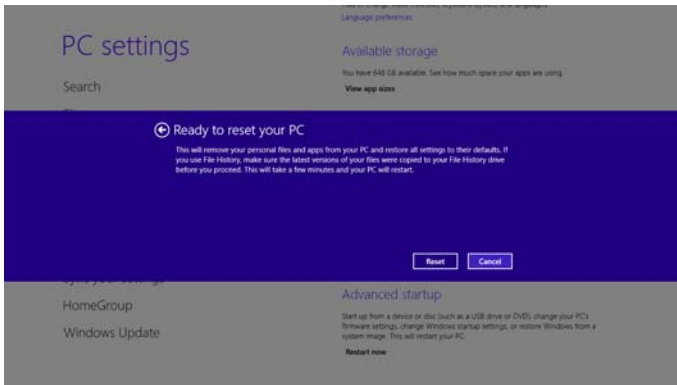


(Sample Image) Do you want to fully clean your drive screen

8 Select one of the following options:

- ❖ **Just remove my files**
- ❖ **Fully clean the drive**

The “Ready to reset your PC” screen appears.



(Sample Image) Ready to reset your PC screen

9 Touch the **Reset** button.

The “Resetting your PC” window appears. When the process is complete your system will reboot your Windows® operating system.

NOTE Selecting the “Fully clean the drive” option may take several hours.

Connecting an external device

You can easily attach an external device to your device.

To do this:

- 1 Read the directions that came with the external device to see if you first need to install new software.
- 2 Connect the external device’s USB cable to the port on your device and to the external device.
- 3 Connect the external device’s power cable to a live electrical outlet (if applicable).
- 4 Turn on the external device (if applicable).

Your device may automatically detect the external device.

Customizing your device's settings

There are several ways in which you can customize your device to suit your particular requirements. You can go into your device settings to make adjustments to your device to suit your needs.

Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Settings** (⚙️) charm, and then touch **Change PC Settings**. Then choose a category you wish to change. Refer to your operating system documentation or Help and Support for details.

You may also wish to customize your power usage settings. For more information, see [“Power Plans” on page 61](#). There are additional custom settings you can choose. See [“Utilities” on page 76](#).

Caring for your device

This section gives tips on cleaning and moving your device. For information about taking care of your device's battery, see [“Taking care of your battery” on page 62](#).

NOTE

Please handle your device carefully to avoid scratching or damaging the surface.

Cleaning the device

CAUTION

Keep liquids, including cleaning fluid, out of the device's speakers and other openings. Never spray cleaner directly onto the device and/or display. Never use harsh or caustic chemical products to clean the device.

To keep your device clean, gently wipe the display panel/tablet and exterior case with a lightly dampened cloth.

Chapter 2

Learning the Basics

This chapter gives some computing tips and provides important information about basic features.

Computing tips

- ❖ Save your work frequently.

Your work stays in the device's temporary memory until you save it to the internal storage drive. If the network you are using goes down and you must restart your device to reconnect, or your battery runs out of charge while you are working, you will lose all work since you last saved.

See [“Saving your work” on page 53](#) for further information.



HINT: Some programs have an automatic save feature that can be activated. This feature saves your file to the internal storage drive at preset intervals. See your software documentation for details.

- ❖ Back up your files to external media on a regular basis. Label the backup copies clearly and store them in a safe place.

It is easy to put off backing up because it takes time. However, if your internal storage drive suddenly fails, you will lose all the data on it unless you have a separate backup copy. For more information, see [“Data and system configuration backup in the Windows® operating system” on page 93](#).

- ❖ Use Error-checking and Disk Defragmenter regularly to check and optimize disk space and improve performance.
- ❖ Scan all new files for viruses.

This precaution is especially important for files you receive via external media, email, or download from the Internet.

- ❖ Take frequent breaks to avoid repetitive-motion injuries and eyestrain.
- ❖ Do not turn off the device if a drive is active.

Turning off the device while it is reading from or writing to a disk may damage the disk, the drive, or both.

NOTE The Windows® operating system records information, such as your desktop setup, during its shutdown procedure. If you do not let the Windows® operating system shut down normally, details such as new icon positions may be lost.

Touch screen

NOTE Your device may come with a digitizer feature, enabling direct interaction with display, apps, and programs.

Your device comes with a touch screen, enabling direct interaction with displayed apps and programs through simple or multi-touch gestures.

Touch screen navigation

Use your finger to manipulate the on-screen icons, buttons, menu items, and other items on the touch screen. You can also change the screen's orientation.

CAUTION

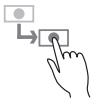
The screen is made of glass so avoid contact with sharp, rough, or abrasive objects or substances as screen may break or scratch if not handled properly. If you see a crack in the glass, discontinue use of the device to avoid injury.



Touch—Touch to activate items displayed on the screen, such as app and setting icons or on-screen buttons. Touch to type using the keyboard.



Touch & hold—Touch and hold an item on the screen by touching and holding the item in place until an action occurs.



Drag—Touch and hold an item for a moment and then, without lifting your finger, move the item until you reach the target position. For example, drag items on any app screen to reposition them.



Swipe or slide—To swipe or slide, quickly move your finger across the surface of the screen without pausing. For example, swipe your finger to the left from the right edge of the screen to display the Windows® charms.



Double-tap—Tap quickly twice to zoom in. For example, double-tap a section of a Web page to zoom in on that section. Double-tap again to zoom out.



Pinch—Place and pinch two fingers together to stretch or zoom out. (Applicable to apps that support this function.)



Zoom in—Place and spread two fingers apart to zoom in. (Applicable to apps that support this function.)



Rotate—Place two or more fingers on an item and rotate your hand. The item rotates in the direction you turn your hand. (Not functional in all apps.)



Swipe from right edge—Swipe in from the right edge to display the charms.



Swipe from left edge—Swipe in from the left edge to display an open app.

Snaps open apps (swipe in from the left edge and slide the divider to adjust the app size).

Displays recently opened apps (swipe in from left edge, holding your finger down, and then push the app back toward the left edge).



Swipe from top or bottom edge—Swipe in from the top or bottom edge to display commands.

You can also close an app by dragging it to the bottom of the screen.

Mouse properties

If you have attached an external mouse to your device, Mouse properties allow you to change your pointing device or mouse settings.

To access Mouse properties:

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search** (🔍) charm, touch **Settings** and, in the Search field, type **Mouse**. In the list that appears, touch your selection.

The Mouse screen appears.

Adjust the settings as desired, and then touch **OK**.

Starting an app

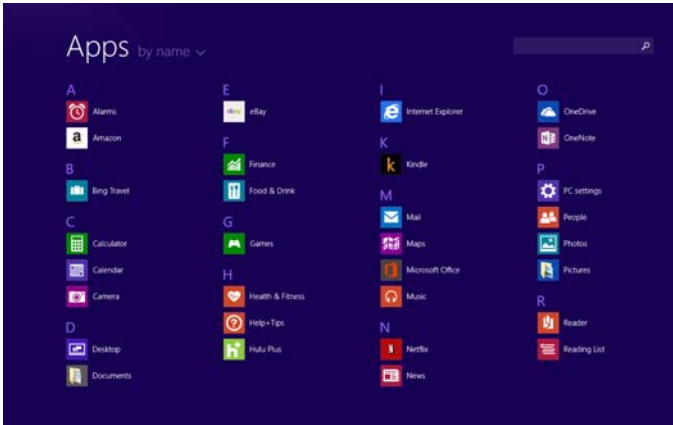
To Start an app on the Start screen, swipe left or right as needed to reveal the desired app. Then touch the appropriate tile.

To Start an app from the Desktop, swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Start** (☰) charm, and then touch the appropriate app tile to open.

Starting an app using Search

To start an app on the Start screen, touch the appropriate tile to open it. Swipe your finger to the left or right to reveal more available app tiles.

On the Start screen swipe Up to search for an app using the Apps page.



(Sample Image) Searching for apps

The Apps screen appears with the available system apps to choose from, or you can enter your search in the search field. Continue to swipe Up to reveal more apps.

Saving your work

Before you turn off the device using the Shut down command, save your work on the internal storage drive, external media, or flash media. This is one of the most important rules of computing.

Many applications offer a feature that saves documents at regular intervals. Check your program's documentation to see if it has an automatic save feature.

Backing up your work

Back up all the files you create in case something happens to your device. You can back up your files to different types of media such as a USB Flash, external storage drive, or to a network, if available.

To back up several files at one time, use the Microsoft® Windows® file recovery program preinstalled on the device's internal storage drive. Also see "[Backing up your data or your entire device with the Windows® operating system](#)" on page 95.



HINT: Backing up all the files on your internal storage drive may take a considerable amount of time. You may prefer to use a high-capacity file recovery system, such as an external hard drive or a high-capacity microSD™ Card.

Toshiba's online resources

Toshiba maintains a number of online sites to which you can connect. These sites provide information about Toshiba products, give help with technical questions and keep you up to date with future upgrades. For more information, see "[Contacting Toshiba](#)" on page 98.

Chapter 3

Mobile Computing

This chapter covers all aspects of using your device while traveling.

Toshiba's energy-saver design

Your device enters a low-power suspension mode when it is not being used, thereby conserving energy and saving money in the process. It has a number of other features that enhance its energy efficiency.

Many of these energy-saving features have been preset by Toshiba. We recommend you leave these features active, allowing your device to operate at its maximum energy efficiency, so that you can use it for longer periods while traveling.

Running the device on battery power

The device contains a Lithium-Ion (Li-Ion) battery that provides power when you are away from an AC outlet. You can recharge it many times.

Battery Notice

Battery life rating is for comparison purposes only, and does not indicate the battery life that will be obtained by any individual user. Actual battery life may vary considerably from specifications depending on product model, configuration, applications, power management settings and features utilized, as well as the natural performance variations produced by the design of individual components. The battery life rating is only achieved on the select models and configurations tested by Toshiba under the specific test settings at the time of publication and is not an estimate of a system's battery life under any conditions other than the specific test settings.

Recharge time varies depending on usage. Battery may not charge while the device is consuming full power. After a period of time, the battery will lose its ability to perform at maximum capacity and will need to be replaced. This is normal for all batteries.

To ensure that the battery maintains its maximum capacity, operate the device on battery power at least once a month. The Lithium-Ion battery has no memory effect so it is not necessary to let the battery fully discharge each time. However, for better accuracy of the battery meter, it is helpful to fully discharge the battery periodically. Please see [“Maintaining your battery” on page 63](#) for procedures. If the device is continuously operated on AC power, either through an optional USB/AC adaptor or a port replicator (if applicable to your system), for an extended period (more than a month), the battery may fail to retain a charge. This may shorten the life of the battery, and may cause the battery meter to be inaccurate.

Power management

Your device ships with the power management options preset to a configuration that will provide the most stable operating environment and optimum system performance for both AC power and battery modes.

CAUTION

Changes to these settings may result in system performance or stability issues. Users who are not completely familiar with the power management component of the system should use the preset configuration. For assistance with setup changes, contact Toshiba's Customer Support Center.

Charging the battery

WARNING

If the device is leaking or its case is cracked, put on protective gloves to handle it.

NOTE

Your device's battery is not accessible to the user.

Your device contains a rechargeable battery that may need to be charged prior to use.

To use external power or to charge the battery you must attach an optional USB/AC adaptor. See [“Connecting to a power source” on page 36](#).

To charge the device plug it into a power source.

NOTE

Battery life and charge time may vary depending on the external conditions, or the applications and features used.

NOTE

Please handle your device carefully to avoid scratching or damaging the surface.

USB Charge—In “Sleep mode,” you can also charge your tablet, although more slowly, by connecting the USB power cable to the USB port on another computer. Please make sure your computer is turned ON while charging via USB. If your computer is turned OFF, depending on the computer’s specifications, the tablet battery may discharge. Toshiba recommends that you do not use your tablet while charging via USB as auto shut down may occur if the battery charge is too low.

Wall Outlet—The fastest way to charge your tablet is with an optional USB/AC adaptor plugged into a wall outlet.

Determining remaining battery power

NOTE Wait a few moments after turning on the device before trying to monitor the remaining battery power. The device needs this time to check the battery’s remaining capacity and perform its calculations.



Touch the power icon in the notification area. (See [“Finding your way around the desktop” on page 67](#) for more information on the notification area.) The window displays the remaining battery power as a percentage.

With repeated discharges and recharges, the battery’s capacity gradually decreases. A frequently used older battery does not power the device for as long as a new battery, even when fully charged.



TECHNICAL NOTE: The device drains the battery faster at low temperatures. Check your remaining charge frequently if you are working in temperatures below 50 degrees Fahrenheit.

The device calculates the remaining battery charge based on your current rate of power use and other factors such as the age of the battery.

What to do when the battery runs low

When the battery run low you can:

- ❖ Plug the device into an external power source and recharge the battery via the Micro USB port. See [“Connecting to a power source” on page 36](#)
- ❖ Save your work and turn off the device

If you do not manage to do either of these things before the battery completely runs out of power, the device automatically enters a power-saving state and turns itself off so that when you turn on the power again after connecting an external power source, you can continue where you left off.

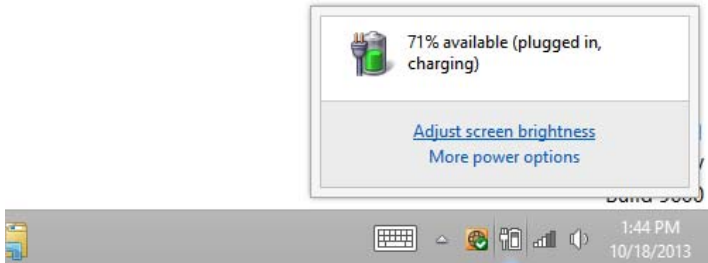
Setting battery notifications

You can set two notifications. Each notification can be set to alert you when a specified percentage of remaining battery power has been reached. You can also set the device to enter Sleep mode or to completely shut down when the notification goes off.

To change the default notification settings:

- 1 While on the desktop, touch the **Battery** (🔋) icon in the notification area.

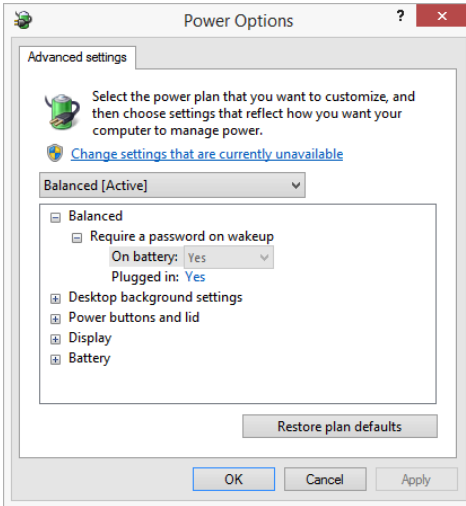
A window appears displaying the power level of the battery.



(Sample Image) Power Options screen

- 2 Touch **More power options**.
The Power Options window appears.
- 3 Touch **Change plan settings** under the power plan to be customized.
The Edit Plan Settings window appears.
- 4 Touch **Change advanced power settings**.
The Advanced settings tab of the Power Options window appears.

- 5 Touch **Battery** to display the battery options.



(Sample Image) Advanced settings tab of Power Options screen

- 6 Configure the alarm settings to suit your needs.

Conserving battery power

How long a fully charged battery lasts when you are using the device depends on a number of factors, such as:

- ❖ How the device is configured
- ❖ How much you use the internal storage drive or other optional devices
- ❖ Where you are working, since operating time decreases at low temperatures

There are various ways in which you can conserve power and extend the operating time of your battery:

- ❖ Enable Sleep (default setting is Enabled), which saves power when you turn off the device and turn it back on again
- ❖ Use the Windows® power-saving option plans

Power-saving options control the way in which the device is configured. By using them, you can increase the length of time you can use the device before you need to recharge the battery.


You may set individual power-saving options to suit your own needs.

The following section describes how to choose or create a Power Plan and explains the available power-saving option.

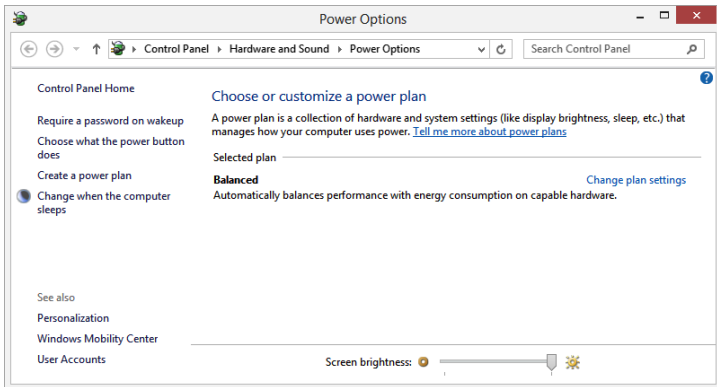
Power Plans

You can choose a predefined Power Plan or select your own combination of power options.

To do this:

- 1 While on the desktop, touch the **Battery**  icon in the notification area.
- 2 Touch **More power options**.

The Power Options window appears.



(Sample Image) Power Options window

- 3 Select an appropriate plan for your work environment or create your own custom plan.

- 4 Touch **Create a power plan** in the left pane to set up a new plan.
-

NOTE To edit a plan or to edit advanced settings, continue to the following steps.

- 5 Touch **Change plan settings** to choose the plan you want to edit.

This screen allows you to change basic settings.

- 6 Touch **Change advanced power settings** to access settings for battery notification levels, internal storage drive power save time, etc.

You can touch the plus signs to expand each item and to see what settings are available for each item.

- 7 Touch **OK** to save the plan changes you have performed.

Changing the battery

NOTE The device's battery is not accessible by the user.

When your battery has run out of power, plug in an optional USB/AC adaptor.

If you find that a new battery is needed, contact the location where you purchased the device for more information on replacing the battery. Toshiba will not be responsible for any product damage, data loss, service, or part replacement made necessary by improper installation of a new battery.

⚠ WARNING If the device is leaking or its case is cracked, put on protective gloves to handle it.

Taking care of your battery

The following sections offer tips on how to take care of your battery and prolong its life.

Safety precautions

▲ WARNING

Always immediately turn the power off and disconnect the power cable/cord plug from the plug socket and stop using the device if you observe any of the following conditions:

- ❖ Offensive or unusual odor
- ❖ Excessive heat
- ❖ Discoloration
- ❖ Deformation, cracks, or leaks
- ❖ Smoke
- ❖ Other unusual events during use, such as abnormal sound

Do not expose the device to fire. The batteries could explode.

Do not turn on the device's power again until an authorized Toshiba service provider has checked it for safety. Continued use could cause a fire or rupture possibly resulting in serious injury or device failure including but not limited to the loss of data.

Maintaining your battery

Fully discharging a battery will allow better accuracy of the battery meter.

To fully discharge your battery:

- ❖ Periodically, disconnect the device from a power source and operate it on battery power until the battery fully discharges.

Disposing of your device

▲ WARNING

Never attempt to dispose of a device by burning or by throwing it into a fire, and never allow exposure to a heating apparatus (e.g., microwave oven). Heat can cause a device to explode and/or release caustic liquid, both which may possibly cause serious injury.

Discard this device in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Disposal of this product may be regulated due to environmental considerations. For disposal, reuse or recycling information, please contact your local government.

For more information, see “[Device Recycling Information](#)” on [page 20](#), or for complete information about Toshiba's recycling programs and initiatives, please visit toshiba.com/recycle.

Traveling tips

The environmental precautions listed in “[Selecting a place to work](#)” on [page 31](#), also apply while traveling.

- ❖ Never leave your device on a sunny ledge or in a place where it could get wet or covered in dust.
- ❖ Always travel with the device in a carrying case. Toshiba offers a choice of carrying cases for the device. They all provide plenty of extra space for manuals, power cords, and compact discs. Contact your authorized Toshiba representative for more information or visit Toshiba's Web site at accessories.toshiba.com.



TECHNICAL NOTE: When traveling by air, you may be required to pass your device through airport security equipment. The X-ray equipment will not harm your device.

NOTE

Before using your device aboard an aircraft, make sure the Wireless antenna is OFF (Airplane mode is ON) if your device has wireless LAN capability.

NOTE

To enable/disable the wireless antenna, use the Airplane mode switch located under Networks, see “[Setting up for communications](#)” on [page 70](#).”

Chapter 4

Exploring Your Device's Features

In this chapter, you will explore some of the special features of your device.

Exploring the Start screen

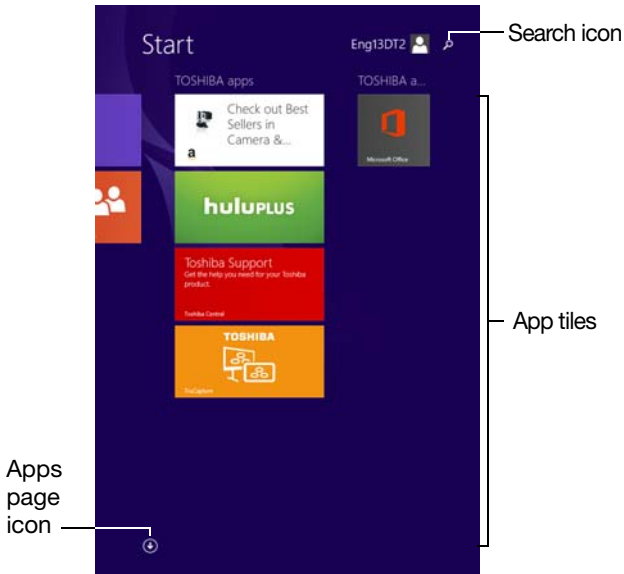
The Start screen is the launching pad for everything you can do in the Windows® operating system, providing new and easy ways to access everything from your favorite apps and Web sites to your contacts and other important information.

When you swipe in from the right edge of the screen, a list of Windows® charms will slide out from the right, see [“Charms” on page 66](#). These Windows® charms perform various commands, including basic tasks like turning off the power and advanced PC settings.

You can go to the Start screen by touching the **Windows®** (⊞) icon on the taskbar. Press this icon again to toggle back to the last app opened, or between the Desktop and Start screens if no apps are open. For detailed information, please refer to the Windows® Help and Support.

By or touching the **Desktop** tile from the Start screen, you will find the Windows® settings and features you are most familiar with.

For detailed information on the new functionality, refer to the Windows® Help and Support.



(Sample Image) Windows® Start screen

Charms

Use the Windows® charms to start apps, find documents, set up system components, and perform most other computing tasks.

By swiping in from the right edge of your screen, you will find a list of charms: **Search**, **Share**, **Start**, **Devices** and **Settings**.

You may also access the **Search** icon in the upper-right corner of the Start screen.



Search—This charm allows you to search for most anything you need to locate on your device. It can help you find apps, documents, photos, and your favorite music.



Share—This charm allows you to share music and photos with your favorite social Web sites.



Start—This charm allows you to view all of the available apps downloaded to your system.



Devices—This charm allows you to manage your hardware devices.



Settings—This charm allows you to manage your system settings.

Tiles

Tiles can be accessed and launched from the Start screen.

Typical Start screen tiles are the Desktop tile and Mail tile, as well as tiles representing all other applications downloaded to your system.

Exploring the desktop

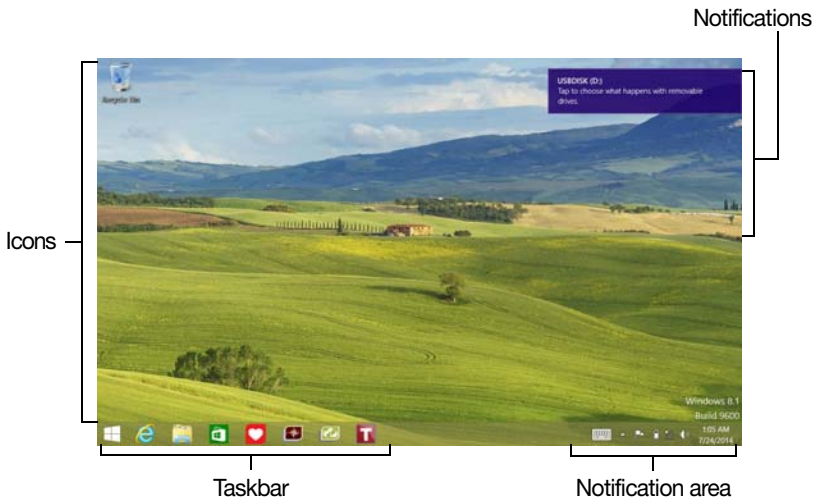
You can use its features to start applications, find documents, set up system components, and perform most other computing tasks.



HINT: The illustrated examples in this guide may appear slightly different from the screens displayed by your system. The differences are not significant and do not indicate any change in the functionality of your system.

Finding your way around the desktop

Your device's desktop includes several standard features: icons, taskbar, notification area, notifications, and background pattern.



(Sample Image) Windows® Desktop screen

Icons

An icon represents a folder, file, or program that can be quickly activated by touching the icon.

You can create a new desktop icon for any folder, file, or program by dragging the element's icon from its location in a window to the desktop area.

You may see various icons displayed on your system desktop, for example:



Recycle Bin—Holds files you have deleted. You may be able to retrieve these files until you empty the Recycle Bin.



- ❖ **TECHNICAL NOTE:** If you delete a large number of files or very large files from the internal storage drive, there may be insufficient space available in the Recycle Bin to hold these files. In this case, Windows® will prompt you to either permanently delete the file(s) or cancel the deletion.
- ❖ If you delete a file (of any size) from an external media or flash media, it does not go into the Recycle Bin. The file is permanently deleted.
- ❖ Permanently deleted files cannot be recovered from the Recycle Bin.

For more information on the Recycle Bin, see Windows® online Help.

NOTE

Touch and hold an icon to display a popup description of the file contents.

Your desktop may contain other icons depending on your configuration. See Windows® online Help for more specific information on each icon and how to use it.

Taskbar

Each time you open a program, an icon associated with that program appears on the taskbar. With some programs, an icon appears on the taskbar for each document or window you open. You can use these icons to quickly switch between the programs or windows.

To make a program or window the currently active one, touch the associated taskbar icon.

Notification area

The notification area displays icons of tasks or programs that run continuously in the background and displays notifications.

Typical tasks in the notification area are Current time, Power usage mode, network connectivity status, and speaker volume.

To activate a specific task, touch the appropriate notification area icon.

Notifications

There are many types of notifications you can employ to help you with the many tasks you perform every day.

User experience notifications can be set for toast, tile, badge, and raw notifications.

Toast notifications—Designed for time-sensitive delivery of personalized content, such as an instant message from a friend.


Tile notifications—Used by applications that are not currently running with an at-a-glance characteristic, giving you a quick preview of the subject line of your latest email or the current weather conditions.

Badge notifications—A specialized type of tile notification (shown on the Start screen tile) using glyphs to indicate the number of applications that have updates available or the status of a running application.

Raw notifications—These run a background task on behalf of an application while that application is not running in order to make available the latest content, such as an online newspaper.

Windows® Store

Although many applications will be pre-installed or built-in to your device, you will also have the ability to download many other applications with just a touch.

While in the Desktop screen, locate the **Windows® Store** () icon in the taskbar.

In the Windows® Store you can search for and browse thousands of apps, all grouped into easy to find categories.

Setting up for communications



To connect to the Internet you need:

- ❖ A browser or communications program
- ❖ An Internet Service Provider (ISP) or online service if you plan to use the Internet
- ❖ A way to connect to the ISP (for example Wi-Fi®/broadband connection, etc.)

Connect to the Internet

NOTE Wireless connectivity and some features may require you to purchase additional software, external hardware or services. Availability of public wireless LAN access points may be limited.

Follow the steps below to set up your Wireless connection.

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Settings**  charm.
- 2 Touch the **Wi-Fi**  icon.
The Networks screen appears.
- 3 Select your network.
- 4 Touch **Connect**.
- 5 Enter the network security key (if applicable).
- 6 Touch **Next**.

Your device should then be connected.

NOTE To enable/disable the wireless antenna, use the Airplane mode switch located under Networks.

For help with common Wi-Fi® networking problems, see [“Wireless networking problems” on page 91](#).

Connecting your device to a network

You can connect your device to a network to increase its capabilities and functionality.

Accessing a network

For specific information about connecting to the network, consult your network administrator. Many hotels, airports, and offices offer Wi-Fi® access.

Exploring audio features

You can use your device to record sounds using the device's internal microphone or an optional external microphone. You can listen to sound files or audio CDs using the built-in speakers, headphones, or external speakers.

Recording sounds

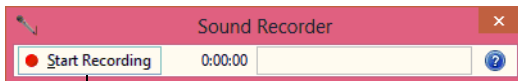
You may record sounds using the device's internal microphone or by connecting an optional external microphone.

Using a microphone

NOTE To locate your headphone/microphone jack, please refer to your Quick Start document.



- 1 If you want to use an external microphone, connect it to the device.
- 2 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search** (🔍) charm and, in the Search field, type **Sound Recorder**.



Start Recording/Stop Recording button

(Sample Image) Sound Recorder screen

- 3 Touch the **Start Recording** button.
- 4 Speak normally into the microphone.

- 5 When you have finished recording, touch the **Stop Recording** button.
The **Save As** dialog box appears.
- 6 To save the file, touch the field to open the on-screen keyboard. Then type a file name and touch **Save**.

Using external speakers or headphones

NOTE To locate your headphone/microphone jack, please refer to your Quick Start document.

Your device is equipped with a full stereo sound system with internal speakers. Instead of using the internal speakers, you can connect headphones or a pair of external stereo speakers.

CAUTION Before putting on headphones to listen, turn the volume down. Do not set the volume too high when using headphones. Continuous exposure to loud sound can harm your hearing.



TECHNICAL NOTE: When using amplified speakers, use speakers that require an external power source. Other types of speakers will be inadequate to produce sound from the device.

To play back sound files through external speakers or headphones:



- 1 Locate the headphone/microphone jack on the device.
- 2 Using any necessary adapters, plug the cable from the headphones or external speakers into the headphone/microphone jack.

The headphone/microphone jack requires a 16-ohm stereo mini connector.

To adjust the volume:

- ❖ For external speakers, use the volume controls on each speaker.
- ❖ For headphones, use the device's volume control.



Using the Web Camera

Your device comes with two built-in Cameras. One is located on the front (Web Camera) and one on the back of the tablet. With these cameras you can do the following:

- ❖ Take pictures and record videos with your device
- ❖ Chat with others and have them see you while using instant messaging (IM) programs
- ❖ Have video conference calls

NOTE To email, instant message or video conference, you must be connected to the Internet.

Depending on your device model, the process of sending email, taking pictures or recording video messages may vary.

To access the Web Camera, from the Start screen, touch the **Camera** tile. The Web Camera indicator light glows when the Web Camera is active.

NOTE When the Web Camera is not active the indicator light is off.

Using a microSD™ Card

The microSD™ Card slot supports the use of a microSD™ Card. This medium can be used with a variety of digital products: digital music players, cellular phones, PDAs, digital cameras, digital video camcorders, etc.

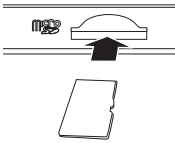
NOTE Do not use the Copy Disk function for this type of media. To copy data from one media to another, use the drag-and-drop feature of the Windows® operating system.

Inserting memory media

NOTE To locate your microSD™ Card slot, please refer to your Quick Start document.

The following instructions apply to all types of supported media devices.

- 1 Turn the media so that the contacts (metal areas) are facing down, away from the display.
- 2 Push the media into the microSD™ slot until it stops.



(Sample Illustration) Inserting memory media

CAUTION

When inserting memory media, do not touch the metal contacts. You could expose the storage area to static electricity, which can destroy data.

NOTE Always remove memory media when not in use.

Removing memory media

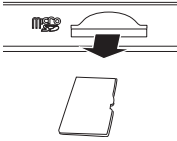
- 1 If you are not currently on the Desktop, choose the **Desktop** tile on the Start screen, otherwise skip to step 2.
- 2 Prepare the card for removal by touching the **Show hidden icons** button (▲), if necessary, in the notification area and then selecting the **Safely Remove Hardware and Eject Media** icon.
- 3 Touch the item you would like to eject.



If the system is unable to prepare the media for safe removal, a message will tell you to try again later. If the media can be removed now, the system displays **Safe to Remove Hardware**.

If the device has a spring-loaded adapter slot, see step 4; otherwise, skip to step 5.

-
- 4 Gently press the card inward to release it.
The card pops out slightly.
 - 5 Grasp the card and pull it straight out.



(Sample Illustration) Removing memory media

CAUTION

Do not remove memory media while data is being written or read. Even when the Windows® message “copying...” disappears, writing to the media might still be in progress and your data could be destroyed. Wait for the indicator light to go out.

Chapter 5

Utilities

Your device includes utilities designed to help you reconfigure your system to best meet your individual needs. Together, these allow you to ascertain certain system details, set additional options, or change default options. These utilities are described in this chapter.

NOTE The utilities described in this chapter, and the icons shown in the sample images are applicable only if the related utility is available on your system.

- ❖ [TOSHIBA Display Utility](#)
- ❖ [Service Station](#)

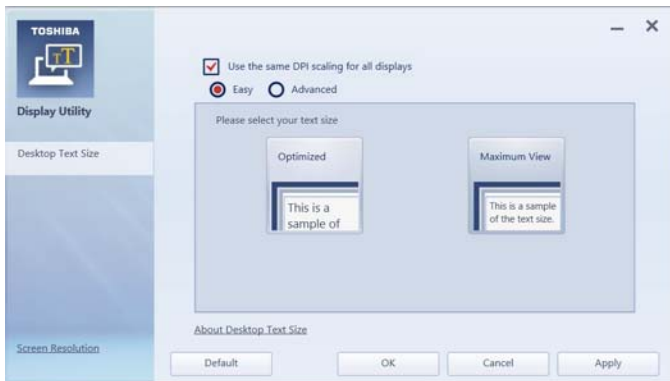
TOSHIBA Display Utility

The TOSHIBA Display Utility enables you to change the display settings on your device, including font size, DPI, scaling, and screen resolution.

To access the TOSHIBA Display Utility:

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen.
- 2 When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search** (🔍) charm.
- 3 In the Search field, type **Display Utility**.
- 4 Touch **Display Utility** from the selection.

The TOSHIBA Display Utility screen appears.



(Sample Image) TOSHIBA Display Utility window

- 5 Select the function you wish to change and choose the desired setting.
- 6 Touch **Apply**.
- 7 When you have finished making your changes, touch **OK** to save the changes.

Service Station

The Service Station helps you keep your new device running at its best by notifying you when updated software, firmware, documentation or other information is available for your device. The Service Station will alert you when updates are available, and you can then choose to install the updates if you wish.

Chapter 6

If Something Goes Wrong

Some problems you may encounter when using your device are relatively easy to identify and solve. Others may require help from your network administrator or the manufacturer of the software program.

This chapter aims to help you solve many problems by yourself. It covers the problems you are most likely to encounter.

If all else fails, contact Toshiba. You will find information on Toshiba's support services at the end of this chapter.

Problems that are easy to fix

Your program or application stops responding.

NOTE The operating system allows for the use of both applications (“Apps” used with the Windows® “Modern UI”) and programs (used in the traditional Windows® desktop environment). For the purpose of simplifying the information we will use the terms interchangeably in this chapter.

If you are working in a program that suddenly freezes, chances are the program has stopped responding. You can exit the program without shutting down the operating system or closing other programs.

Problems when you turn on the device

These problems may occur when you turn on the power.

The device will not start.

Make sure you attached the USB power cable to the optional USB/AC adaptor properly.

Press and hold the Power button for at least 5 seconds, and then swipe down where indicated.

If you are using an optional USB/AC adaptor, check that the wall outlet is working by plugging in another device, such as a lamp.

The device displays the WARNING RESUME FAILURE/Windows Error Recovery – Windows did not shut down successfully **message.**

To continue, select **Start Windows normally**. This can happen if the device was put into Sleep mode and the battery has discharged. If you performed a shutdown before this message was displayed, a program or driver may have prevented Windows® from shutting down.

Data stored in the device's memory has been lost. Data stored in the device's internal storage drive may not be affected.

Always save your data even when you are using Sleep mode. If your battery fully discharges, information that has not been saved will be lost. Your device can be configured to warn you when a battery is running low see [“What to do when the battery runs low” on page 58](#).

If you are running on battery power, it is recommended that you do not leave the device in Sleep mode for long periods of time.

To charge a battery, leave the device plugged into a live wall outlet for several hours. For more information see [“Charging the battery” on page 57](#).

The Windows® operating system is not working

Once you are familiar with your device and used to the way the operating system responds to your work routine, you can easily detect if the operating system is not working correctly. For example:

- ❖ The operating system fails to start after the initial startup appears.
- ❖ The operating system takes a long time to start.
- ❖ The operating system responds differently from the normal routine.
- ❖ The screen does not look right.

Unless a hardware device has failed, problems usually occur when you change the system in some way such as installing a new program or adding a device.

If you experience any of these problems, use the options in the Startup menu to fix the problem.

Using Startup options to fix problems

If the operating system fails to start properly, you may need to troubleshoot the Operating System and/or its settings. There are several options to choose from depending on the severity of the problem and your level of expertise with computers.

If Windows® fails to start properly twice, the Windows® Boot menu will launch. To enter the Advanced Startup options manually:

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen.
- 2 When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Settings** (⚙️) charm.
- 3 Touch **Change PC Settings**.
- 4 Touch **Update and recovery**.
- 5 Touch **Recovery**.
- 6 Touch **Restart Now** under **Advanced Startup**.
The device restarts.
- 7 Touch **Troubleshoot** from the menu.

You now have several options:

Refresh your device

- ❖ Your files and personalization settings won't change
- ❖ Your device settings will be changed back to their defaults
- ❖ Your Apps from the Windows® Store are retained
- ❖ Apps you installed from discs or Web sites are removed
- ❖ A list of removed apps is saved to your desktop

For more information, see [“Refresh your PC \(with user's data\)” on page 42.](#)

Reset your device

- ❖ All of your personal files and apps are removed
- ❖ Your device settings are changed back to their defaults

For more information, see [“Reset your PC” on page 44.](#)

Advanced options

Choosing this option presents you with another set of options:

System Restore

- ❖ System Restore allows you to use a Restore point to return the device to a state at which it was performing properly. Restore points may be created:
 - ❖ When new hardware or software is installed
 - ❖ Manually by the user

System Image Recovery

Windows® will “Recover” the Operating system using a specific image provided by the user.

Startup Repair

This feature automates the repair process. The Operating System will automatically look for problems and repair them if possible.

Command Prompt

The command prompt is a very powerful tool for advanced users.

Startup Settings

In previous Operating Systems the majority of the options found on this menu were available by pressing the F8 key during the Windows® boot process:

- ❖ Enable low resolution video mode
Restarts Windows® using your current video driver at low resolution. This allows you to reset your display settings in the event they have been improperly set.
- ❖ Enable debugging mode
Starts Windows® in an advanced troubleshooting mode
- ❖ Enable boot logging
Creates a file that lists all the drivers that are installed during startup
- ❖ Enable Safe Mode
Starts Windows® with a minimal set of drivers and services. If the device starts and runs in Safe Mode, you will know the Operating System is most likely working properly and that you should look to third-party applications or drivers for the source of your problem.
- ❖ Disable driver signature enforcement
Allows drivers containing improper signatures to be installed
- ❖ Disable early-launch anti-malware protection
Allows drivers to initialize without being measured by the Anti-malware driver
- ❖ Disable automatic restart on system failure
Prevents Windows® from automatically restarting if an error causes it to fail. Choose this option only if Windows® is stuck in a loop where it fails, attempts to restart, and fails again repeatedly.

Internet problems

My Internet connection is very slow.

Many factors contribute to the speed with which you can surf the Internet. They include: network speed, network conditions, time of day (when everyone else is surfing, your access can be slow) and popularity of the sites you are trying to access. If accessing a particular site is very slow, try later.

My browser cannot find the URL address I typed in.


Make sure you separated the domain names of the address with the forward slash (/). Check the spelling of each name and the syntax of the address carefully. A single incorrect letter or missed character will make it impossible for your browser to locate the site.

My browser cannot find a site I bookmarked.

The World Wide Web is constantly changing. A site you bookmarked yesterday may not be available today or its server may be down for temporary repair. Try again later.

The Windows® operating system can help you

If the operating system has started properly but you still have a problem using your device, the online Help can assist you in troubleshooting the problem. To open online Help:

- ❖ Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search**  charm. Then touch the Search field and begin typing **Help and Support**.

When the “Windows Help and Support” screen appears, do one or both of the following:

- ❖ Touch the search field, type the topic you need help with, and follow the on-screen instructions
- ❖ Touch one of the options listed in the window and follow the instructions

You can connect to Support Online by going to Toshiba support at support.toshiba.com.

Fixing a problem with Device Manager

Device Manager provides a way to check and change the configuration of a device.

CAUTION

Changing the default settings using Device Manager can cause other conflicts that make one or more devices unusable. Device Manager is a configuration tool for advanced users who understand configuration parameters and the ramifications of changing them.

Checking device properties

Device Manager provides a way to view the properties of a device. Properties include the name of the manufacturer, the type of device, the drivers installed, and the system resources assigned to the device.

To check a device's properties:

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search** (🔍) charm. Then touch the Search field and begin typing **Device Manager**.
- 2 Touch **Device Manager**.
The Device Manager screen appears.
- 3 In the list of device(s), touch the device type.
- 4 To view the device(s) installed, touch the device.

The operating system displays the device Properties dialog box, which provides an array of tabs. They may include:

- ❖ The **General** tab, which provides basic information about the device.
- ❖ The **Resources** tab, which lists resources assigned to the device. This tab does not appear if the device is not using resources.
- ❖ The **Driver** tab, which displays the drivers being used by the device. This tab also provides options for updating the driver or rolling back the driver in case the new version is causing a problem.

The tabs that appear in the dialog box vary from one device to another.

For more information about Device Manager, refer to Windows® online Help.

Power and the batteries

NOTE The device's battery is not accessible by the user.

Your device receives its power through the USB Power cable to an optional USB/AC adaptor or from the system batteries. Power problems are interrelated. For example, a faulty USB Power cable or optional USB/AC adaptor will neither power the device nor recharge the batteries.

Here are some typical problems and how to solve them:

The USB Power cable and optional USB/AC adaptor work correctly, but the battery will not charge.

The tablet's battery does not charge while the device is consuming full power. Try turning off the device.

The battery may be too hot or too cold to charge properly. If you think this is the probable cause, let the battery reach room temperature and try again.

If the battery has completely discharged, it will not begin charging immediately. Leave the optional USB/AC adaptor and power cord/cable connected, wait 20 minutes and see if the battery is charging.

The battery appears not to power the device for as long as it usually does.

If you frequently repeat shallow charge and discharge, the battery meter may become inaccurate. Let the battery discharge completely, then try charging it again.

Check the power options via your Power Plans (see "[Power Plans](#)" on page 61). Have you added a device that takes its power from the battery? Is your software using the internal storage drive more? Is the display power set to turn off automatically? Was the battery fully charged to begin with? All these conditions affect how long the charge lasts.

After a period of time, the battery will lose its ability to perform at maximum capacity and will need to be replaced. This is normal for all batteries. Visit the Toshiba Web site at accessories.toshiba.com. Refer to this site often to stay current on the most recent software and hardware options for your device, and for other product information.

For more information on maintaining battery power, see "[Changing the battery](#)" on page 62.

Display problems

Here are some typical display problems and their solutions:

The screen is blank.

Display Auto Off may have gone into effect. Touch the screen to activate it.

The screen does not look correct.

Choose a theme for your desktop background, under **Change the visuals and sounds on your device**, in the **Themes** panel. You can also change the setting for individual components separately by selecting an item from just below the **Themes** panel (**Desktop Background**, **Color**, **Sounds**, and **Screen Saver**).

For more information, see the Windows® online Help.

A message displays saying that there is a problem with your display settings and that the adapter type is incorrect or the current settings do not work with your hardware.

Reduce the size of the color palette to one that is supported by the device's internal display.

To change the display properties:

- 1 Touch & hold in a blank area of the Windows® desktop.
- 2 Touch **Personalize**, and then **Display**.
- 3 Use the menu on the right hand side of the page to:
 - ❖ Adjust resolution
 - ❖ Adjust brightness
 - ❖ Calibrate color
 - ❖ Change display settings
 - ❖ Project to a second screen
 - ❖ Adjust ClearType text
- 4 Touch **OK**.

The display mode is set to Simultaneous and the external display device does not work.

Make sure the external monitor is capable of displaying at resolutions of 1280 x 800 or higher. Devices that do not support this resolution will only work in Internal/External mode, and not simultaneous mode.

Disk or storage drive problems

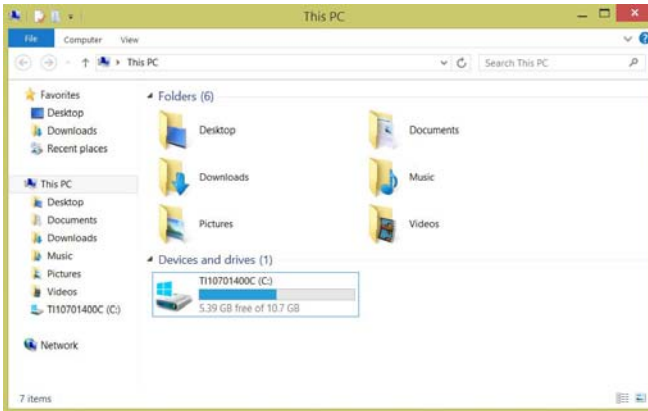
Problems with the storage drive or with external media usually show up as an inability to access the drive or as sector errors. Sometimes a drive problem may cause one or more files to appear to have garbage in them.

Error-checking

Run Error-checking, which analyzes the directories and files on the storage drive and repairs any damage it finds.

To run Error-checking:

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search** (🔍) charm. Then touch the Search field and begin typing **computer**.
- 2 Touch **This PC** in the list that appears.
- 3 Touch and hold the drive you wish to check.



(Sample Image) Selecting the drive

- 4 In the pop-up menu, touch **Properties**.
The drive's Properties box appears.
- 5 Touch the **Tools** tab.
- 6 Touch the **Check** button.
The Error Checking box appears.
The system will alert you if you need to scan the drive.

- 7 Even if you do not need to scan the drive for errors you can scan by touching **Scan drive**.

Error-checking tests and repairs the storage drive.

Your hard disk seems very slow.

If you have been using your device for a long time, your files may have become fragmented. Run Disk Defragmenter.

To do this:

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search** (🔍) charm, then type **Defragment** in the Search field.
- 2 Touch **Defragment and Optimize Drives**.
- 3 From the Optimize Drives menu touch the drive you wish to defragment.
- 4 Touch the **Optimize** button.

The system will display the status as it optimizes and defragments the drive.

Your data files are damaged or corrupted.

Refer to your software documentation for file recovery procedures. Many software packages automatically create backup files.

You may also be able to recover lost data using utility software. Consult your network administrator.

Some programs run correctly but others do not.

This is probably a configuration problem. If a program does not run properly, refer to its documentation and check that the hardware configuration meets its needs.

Sound system problems

No sound is coming from the device's speaker.

Adjust the volume control.

Check that the volume control on the device is turned up.

If you are using external headphones or speakers, check that they are securely connected to your device.

The device emits a loud, high-pitched noise.

This is feedback between the microphone and the speaker. It occurs in any sound system when input from a microphone is fed to the speaker and the speaker volume is too loud.

Adjust the volume control.

Printer problems

This section lists some of the most common printer problems.

The printer will not print.

Check that the printer is connected to a working power outlet, turned on and ready (on line).

Check that the printer has plenty of paper. Some printers will not start printing when there are just two or three sheets of paper left in the tray.

Make sure the printer cable is firmly attached to the device and the printer.

Run the printer's self-test to check for any problem with the printer itself.

Make sure you installed the proper printer drivers as shown in the instructions that came with the printer.

You may have connected the printer while the device is on. Disable Sleep mode, turn off the device, and turn off the printer. Turn the printer back on, make sure it is online, and then turn the device back on.

Try printing another file. For example, you could create and attempt to print a short test file using Notepad. If a Notepad file prints correctly, the problem may be in your original file.

If you cannot resolve the problem, contact the printer's manufacturer.

The printer will not print what you see on the screen.

Many programs display information on the screen differently from the way they print it. See if your program has a print preview mode. This mode lets you see your work exactly as it will print. Contact the software manufacturer for more information.

Wireless networking problems

NOTE

This section provides general troubleshooting tips for networking problems, specifically wireless (Wi-Fi®) networking.

The terms and concepts used assume a basic understanding of networks, and may be for more advanced users. If you need assistance or if you are not familiar with the terminology, please see Windows® Help and Support or contact your computer technician.

- ❖ If your device is equipped with an internal Wi-Fi® adapter, verify that Airplane mode is OFF, see “[Setting up for communications](#)” on page 70.
- ❖ Verify that your device can detect access points or routers. If it can detect a Wi-Fi® access point or router then it may be a configuration issue.
- ❖ Verify that signal strength is good using the utility provided with the Wi-Fi® adapter.
- ❖ If another device is on the same network, verify that it has network access, and can connect to the Internet. If, for example, the other device cannot browse to a public Web site, the ISP’s (Internet Service Provider) service may be disrupted.
- ❖ Verify that the Service Set Identifier (SSID), or network name, is correct - i.e., that it matches the SSID assigned to the access point you are attempting to connect through. SSIDs are case-sensitive.
- ❖ Check the Windows® Control Panel’s Device Manager to verify that the Wi-Fi® adapter is recognized by the Windows® operating system, and that the driver is loaded. To access the Device Manager, swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear touch the **Search** (🔍) charm, and then type **Control Panel**. Touch **Control Panel**, and then select **System and Security**, and then **System**. Launch the Device Manager and carefully note any error messages - these will be very helpful if you should confer with a support technician at a later time.

NOTE To enable/disable the wireless antenna, use the Airplane mode switch located under Networks, see [“Setting up for communications” on page 70](#).

- ❖ Use IPCONFIG to verify that the device has a useful IP address - one other than the private address of 169.254.xxx.xxx assigned by Windows®.
 - 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search** (🔍) charm. Then touch the Search field and begin typing **Cmd**.
 - 2 Touch **Command Prompt**.
 - 3 Enter **IPCONFIG/ALL**, and then press **ENTER**.The IP address for each active network adapter will be displayed.
- ❖ If you have enabled any security provisions (closed system, MAC address filtering, Wired Equivalent Privacy [WEP], etc.), check the access point vendor's Web site for recent firmware upgrades. Problems with WEP keys, in particular, are frequently addressed in new firmware releases.

Develop good computing habits

Save your work frequently.

You can never predict when your device will lock, forcing you to close a program and lose unsaved changes. Many software programs build in an automatic backup, but you should not rely solely on this feature. Save your work! See [“Computing tips” on page 49](#) for instructions.

On a regular basis, back up the information stored on your internal storage drive.

Use Windows® to back up files, or the entire device, to an external hard disk. Here are some ways you can do this:

- ❖ Use the Windows® operating system to back up files or your entire device to an external hard disk.
- ❖ Copy files to a rewritable external storage device.
- ❖ Connect your device to the office network and copy files to your network partition.

Some people use a combination of these methods, backing up all files weekly and copying critical files to external media on a daily basis.

If you have installed your own programs, you should back up these programs as well as your data files. If something goes wrong that requires you to reformat your internal storage drive and start again, reloading all your programs and data files from a backup source will save time.

Read the documentation.

It is very difficult to provide a fail-safe set of steps you can follow every time you experience a problem with the device. Your ability to solve problems will improve as you learn about how the device and its software work together.

Get familiar with all of the documentation provided with your device, as well as the information that may come with the programs and devices you purchase.

Your local computer store or book store sells a variety of self-help books you can use to supplement the information in the manuals.


Data and system configuration backup in the Windows® operating system

The Windows® operating system offers some easy-to-use features for backing up your Windows® settings and your data - documents and other important files. Take advantage of these features to protect yourself from much more difficult and time-consuming restoration procedures, and to safeguard your valuable data from loss.

Saving system configuration with restore points

The System Restore feature of the Windows® operating system quickly creates restore points - 'snapshots' of your Windows® operating system configuration - and saves them for later recall. If you experience problems after installing some new hardware or software, you can easily select a previously established Control Point to 'turn back the clock,' restoring the Windows® operating system to the state it was in just prior to the installation. This is much easier and more effective than uninstalling the hardware or software, which often leaves behind unwanted files and settings. It is also easy to undo a restore point selection, if you change your mind.


Follow these steps to create a restore point using the System Restore utility:

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search**  charm. Then touch the Search field and type **Control**. Touch **Control Panel** in the list that appears.
- 2 Touch **System and Security**, and then **System**.
- 3 In the left pane, touch **System Protection**.
The System Protection tab of the System Properties window appears.
- 4 Touch **Configure**.
- 5 Under **Restore settings** select **Turn on System Protection**.
- 6 Touch **OK**.
- 7 Touch **Create**.
- 8 Touch the input field, and enter a name that is descriptive enough to be easily understood in the future, such as “Before installing Brand X Accounting app.” Then touch **Create**.

The Windows® operating system creates the restore point, automatically stamps it with the current date and time, and displays a message that the restore point was successfully created.

- 9 Touch **Close**.

Then, at a later time, you can re-establish your Windows® configuration using the saved restore point. To do this:

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search**  charm. Then touch the Search field and type **Control**. Touch **Control Panel** in the list that appears.
- 2 Touch **System and Security**, and then **System**.
- 3 In the left pane, touch **System Protection**.
The System Protection tab of the System Properties window appears.
- 4 Touch **System Restore...**
- 5 Touch **Next**.

-
- 6 Touch the Restore point you want to use, and then touch **Next**.

The time stamp and description of each Restore point is displayed.

NOTE At this point you can touch “Scan for affected programs” to determine what the impact of using the chosen Restore Point will be.

-
- 7 Verify that the Restore point you chose is the correct one. If it is not, touch **Back** to return to the previous step.
- 8 Close all programs and save all open files.
- 9 Touch **Finish**, and then **Yes** to begin the system restore. Your Windows® operating system configuration will now be restored to the state it was in when the chosen restore point was created, and then the device will be automatically restarted.

Backing up your data or your entire device with the Windows® operating system

The most valuable component of your device system is the data you create and store on its internal storage drive. Since problems with either hardware or software can make the data inaccessible or even destroy it, the next most valuable component of your device system may be a recent backup of your data.

Fortunately, the Windows® operating system offers a convenient way to back up your device or just your important files to or hard drives. An external hard drive is recommended in case the internal storage drive fails. No additional software is required.

Follow these steps to back up your device or files to external media, or a storage drive:

NOTE You cannot back up the device while running on battery power. Connect an optional USB/AC adaptor before continuing.

- 1 Swipe in from the right edge of the screen. When the Windows® charms appear, touch the **Search** (🔍) charm. Then touch the Search field and type **Control**. Touch **Control Panel** in the list that appears.
- 2 Touch **Save backup copies of your files with File History** under the **System and Security** heading. Follow the on-screen instructions to back up your files.

For additional Help, launch the Windows® Help and Support screen, and search for “back up files,” see [“The Windows® operating system can help you” on page 84](#).

General tips for installing hardware and software

Here are a few tips to help ensure safe and easy installation of new hardware (printers, pointing devices, external hard drives, scanners, etc.) and software (applications like Microsoft® Office and Adobe® Photoshop®, or utility software such as special toolbars for your web browser).

- ❖ Create a restore point (refer to [“Saving system configuration with restore points” on page 93](#)). Before installing anything, use the System Restore utility to set a restore point (see the section titled restore points). If anything goes wrong, you will then be able to easily restore the Windows® operating system to the state it was in prior to the installation, undoing any changes that the installation process introduced.
- ❖ Back up your critical data (see [“Backing up your data or your entire device with the Windows® operating system” on page 95](#)).
- ❖ Have your back up media on hand in case you need any files from them.
- ❖ Do not guess - follow directions carefully! It is often necessary to run an installation utility first - before connecting a new hardware item to the device. If the device is connected first, it may be very difficult to complete the installation successfully. Always carefully follow the installation instructions that accompany the hardware or software.

- ❖ Restart the Windows® operating system. Always restart the Windows® operating system after each installation, even if the installation utility does not prompt you to do so. This will ensure that the installation is completed, and will clean up anything that the installation utility left behind.
- ❖ Do one installation at a time. If you have several new items to add to your device system, install just one at a time, creating restore points immediately before each successive installation. This will make it much easier to determine the origin of any new problems. For best results, follow this sequence:
 - 1 Back up critical data.
 - 2 Create a restore point.
 - 3 Install one item of hardware or software.
 - 4 Restart the Windows® operating system.
 - 5 Use the new hardware or software for a while, noting any new problems. Make sure that your critical applications (email, business applications, etc.) are working correctly, and verify that important devices are still functioning.
 - 6 For each additional hardware or software item, repeat these steps, starting at step 1 if any of your critical data has changed, or starting at step 2 if no critical data has changed.

If you need further assistance

If you have followed the recommendations in this chapter and are still having problems, you may need additional technical assistance.

Since some problems may be related to the operating system or the program you are using, it is important to investigate all sources.

- ❖ Review the troubleshooting information in your operating system documentation.
- ❖ If the problem occurs while you are running a program, consult the program's documentation for troubleshooting suggestions. Contact the software company's technical support group for their assistance.

- ❖ Consult the dealer from whom you purchased your device and/or program. Your dealer is your best source for current information.

For the detailed specifications for your device, visit support.toshiba.com.

Contacting Toshiba

Toshiba's Technical Support Web site

For technical support, or to stay current on the most recent software and hardware options for your device, and for other product information, be sure to regularly check the Toshiba Web site at support.toshiba.com.

Other Toshiba Internet Web sites

toshiba.com	Toshiba corporate site
toshiba.com/us	Marketing and product information in the USA
accessories.toshiba.com	Accessories information in the USA
www.toshiba.ca	Canada
www.toshiba-Europe.com	Europe
www.toshiba.co.jp/index.htm	Japan
latin.toshiba.com	Mexico and all of Latin America
acclaim.toshiba.com	Toshiba USA Self-Service support web site
laptopforums.toshiba.com	Community discussion forums for Toshiba laptop users

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For more information on additional Toshiba worldwide locations, please visit: www.toshiba.co.jp/index.htm.

Appendix A

Power Cord/Cable Connectors

Your device ships with the correct power supply for the country of purchase. This appendix shows the shapes of the typical AC power cord/cable connectors for various parts of the world.

USA



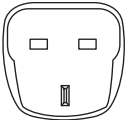
UL approved

Canada



CSA approved

United Kingdom



BS approved

Europe



VDA approved
NEMKO approved

Australia



AS approved

Glossary



TECHNICAL NOTE: Some features defined in this glossary may not be available on your device.

Acronyms

The following acronyms may appear in this User's Guide.

AC	Alternating Current
Apps	Applications
BIOS	Basic Input/Output System
BD-ROM	Blu-ray Disc Read-Only Memory
bps	bits per second
CD	Compact Disc
CD-ROM	Compact Disc Read-Only Memory
CD-RW	Compact Disc Rewrite Memory
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
CPU	Central Processing Unit
DC	Direct Current
DMA	Direct Memory Access
DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Module

DOS	Disk Operating System
DPI	Dots Per Inch
DVD	Digital Versatile (or Video) Disc
DVD-ROM	Digital Versatile (or Video) Disc Read-Only Memory
eSATA	external Serial Advanced Technology Attachment
FAT	File Allocation Table
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GB	gigabyte
GBps	gigabytes per second
HDD	Hard Disk Drive
HDMI	High-Definition Multimedia Interface
HDMI CEC	High-Definition Multimedia Interface Consumer Electronics Control
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
I/O	Input/Output
IRQ	interrupt request
ISP	Internet Service Provider
KB	kilobyte
LAN	Local Area Network
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MB	megabyte
MBps	megabytes per second
MIDI	Musical Instrument Digital Interface
PC	Personal Computer
PCI	Peripheral Component Interconnect
PCMCIA	Personal Computer Memory Card International Association
RAM	Random Access Memory

RGB	Red, Green Blue light (monitor)
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference
ROM	Read-Only Memory
RTC	Real-Time Clock
SD	Secure Digital
SDRAM	Synchronous Dynamic Random Access Memory
SSD	Solid State Drive
TFT	Thin Film Transistor
USB	Universal Serial Bus
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
WAN	Wide Area Network
www	World Wide Web

Terms

The following terms may appear in this User's Guide.

A active-matrix display—A liquid crystal display (LCD) made from an array of liquid crystal cells using active-matrix technology. Also known as a “TFT display,” in its simplest form there is one thin film transistor (TFT) for each cell. This type of display works well with computers because of its shallow depth and high-quality color. Active-matrix displays are viewable from wider angles than most passive-matrix displays.

adapter—A device that provides a compatible connection between two units. For example, the computer's internal display adapter receives information from the software and translates it into images on the screen. An adapter can take a number of forms, from a microprocessor to a simple connector. An intelligent adapter (one that is capable of doing some processing) may also be called a controller.

Alternating Current (AC)—The type of power usually supplied to residential and commercial wall outlets. AC reverses its direction at regular intervals. Compare *Direct Current (DC)*.

application—A computer program that you use to perform tasks of a specific type. Applications include word processors, spreadsheets, and database management systems. See also *program*.

B backup—A copy of a file, usually on a removable disk, kept in case the original file is lost or damaged.

Basic Input/Output System (BIOS)—See *BIOS*.

baud rate—The speed at which a communication device, such as a printer or modem, transmits information. Baud rate is the number of signal changes per second (not necessarily the same as bits per second). See also *bits per second*.

Blu-ray Disc (BD)—Offering more storage capacity than DVDs, the format was developed to allow for more data storage and to enable recording and playback of high-definition video (HD).

BIOS (Basic Input/Output System)—Basic instructions, stored in read-only memory (ROM), containing the information the computer needs to check hardware and load the operating system when you start up the computer.

bits per second (bps)—A way of measuring the speed at which information is passed between two devices. This is the basic unit of measure used in modem communications, and is similar, but not identical, to the baud rate. See also *baud rate*.

boot—To start the computer. The term “boot” originates from bootstrap program (as in “pulling itself up by its bootstraps”), a program that loads and initializes the operating system. See also *reboot*.

boot disk—See *system disk*.

boot priority (startup sequence)—The order in which the computer accesses its internal storage drives to locate the startup files. Under the default startup sequence, the computer looks for the startup files in the external media before checking the internal storage drive.

bus—An electrical circuit that connects the central processing unit (CPU) with other parts of the computer, such as the video adapter, disk drives, and ports. It is the pathway through which data flows from one device to another. See also *bus speed*, *frontside bus*.

bus speed—The speed at which the central processing unit (CPU) communicates with the other parts of the computer.

C **cache**—A section of very fast memory in which frequently used information is duplicated for quick access. Accessing data from cache is faster than accessing it from the computer's main memory. See also *CPU cache*, *L1 cache*, *L2 cache*.

CD—An individual compact disc. See also *CD-ROM*.

CD-ROM (Compact Disc Read-Only Memory)—A form of high-capacity storage that uses laser optics instead of magnetic means for reading data. See also *CD*. Compare *DVD-ROM*.

Central Processing Unit (CPU)—The chip that functions as the “brain” of the computer. It takes information from outside sources, such as memory or keyboard input, processes the information, and sends the results to another device that uses the information.

character—Any letter, number, or symbol you can use on the computer. Some characters are non-printing characters, such as a paragraph break in a word-processing program. A character occupies one byte of computer storage.

Charm/charms—Start screen icons that slide out from the right side of the screen and direct you to various Windows® functions.

chip—A small piece of silicon containing computer logic and circuits for processing, memory, input/output, and/or control functions. Chips are mounted on printed circuit boards.

click—To press and release the pointing device's primary button without moving the pointing device. In the Windows® operating system, this refers to the pointing device's left button, unless otherwise stated. See also *double-click*.

color palette—A set of specified colors that establishes the colors that can be displayed on the screen at a particular time.

compatibility—The extent to which computers, programs, or devices can work together harmoniously, using the same commands, formats, or language as another.

configuration—(1) The collection of components that make up a single computer system. (2) How parts of the system are set up (that is, configured).

controller—A device that controls the transfer of data from a computer to a peripheral device and vice versa. For example, disk drives, monitors, keyboards, and printers all require controllers.

CPU—See *Central Processing Unit (CPU)*.

CPU cache—A section of very fast memory residing between the CPU and the computer's main memory that temporarily stores data and instructions the CPU will need to execute commands and programs. See also *cache, L1 cache, L2 cache*.

cursor—An on-screen symbol (usually a flashing vertical line) that indicates the position where characters will appear when you enter data.

D Desktop—Offers the traditional look and feel of the Windows® desktop found in Windows® 7 and earlier releases of the Windows® operating system.

default—The setting selected by a program when the user does not specify an alternative setting.

device—A component attached to the computer. Devices may be external (outside the computer's case) or internal (inside the computer's case). Printers, disk drives, and modems are examples of devices.

device driver—A program (called a "driver") that permits a computer to communicate with a device.

dialog box—An on-screen window displayed by the operating system or a program giving a direction or requesting input from the user.

Direct Current (DC)—The type of power usually supplied by batteries. DC flows in one direction. Compare *Alternating Current (AC)*.

Direct Memory Access (DMA)—A dedicated channel, bypassing the CPU, that enables direct data transfer between memory and a device.

directory—See *folder*.

disable—To turn a computer option off. See also *enable*.

disc—A round, flat piece of material, designed to be read from and written to by optical (laser) technology, and used in the production of optical discs, such as CDs and DVDs. Compare *disk*.

disk—A round, flat piece of material that can be magnetically influenced to hold information in digital form, and used in the production of magnetic disks, such as hard disks. Compare *disc*. See also *hard disk*.

disk drive—The device that reads and writes information and programs on external media or hard disk. It rotates the disk at high speed past one or more read/write heads.

document—Any file created with an application and, if saved to disk, given a name by which it can be retrieved. See also *file*.

double-click—To press and release the pointing device's primary button rapidly twice without moving the pointing device. In the Windows® operating system, this refers to the pointing device's left button, unless otherwise stated.

download—(1) In communications, to receive a file from another computer through a modem or network. (2) To send font data from the computer to a printer. See also *upload*.

drag—To hold down the mouse button while moving the pointer to drag a selected object. In the Windows® operating system, this refers to the left mouse button, unless otherwise stated.

driver—See *device driver*.

DVD—An individual digital versatile (or video) disc. See also *DVD-ROM*.

DVD-ROM (Digital Versatile [or Video] Disc Read-Only Memory)—A very high-capacity storage medium that uses laser optics for reading data. Each DVD-ROM can hold as much data as several CD-ROMs. Compare *CD-ROM*.

E emulation—A technique in which a device or program imitates another device or program.

enable—To turn on a computer option. See also *disable*.

eSATA—An external device that supports hot swapping and fast data transfer. Very useful in storing and transferring large files.

executable file—A computer program that is ready to run. Application programs and batch files are examples of executable files. Names of executable files usually end with a .bat or .exe extension.

expansion device—A device that connects to a computer to expand its capabilities. Other names for an expansion device are port expander, port replicator, docking station, or network adapter.

extension—See *file extension*.

external device—See *device*.

F file—A collection of related information, saved on disk with a unique name. A file may be a program, information used by a program, or a document. See also *document*.

File Allocation Table (FAT)—The section of a storage drive that keeps track of the location of stored files.

file name—A set of characters that uniquely identifies a file within a particular folder. It consists of two parts: the actual name and the file name extension. See also *file extension*.

file extension—The three characters following the period (pronounced “dot”) at the end of a file name. The extension indicates the type of file. Examples are .exe for program files and .hlp for help files. See also *file name*.

folder—Also called directory. A container for organizing files saved to a disk. A folder is symbolized on screen by a graphical image (icon) of a file folder. A folder can contain files and other folders.

format—(verb) To prepare a blank disk for use with the computer's operating system. Formatting creates a structure on the disk so the operating system can write information to the disk or read information from it.

frontside bus—The primary pathway (bus) between the CPU and the computer's main memory. Also called "system bus." See also *bus*.

Function key—(1) A feature in which certain keys in combination with the Fn key can set system options or control system parameters, such as the battery save mode. (2) A key or combination of keys that activates a memory resident program.

function keys—The keys labeled F1 through F12, typically located on the keyboard. Their function is determined by the operating system and/or individual programs.

G **ground**—A conductor to which all components of an electric circuit are connected. It has a potential of zero (0) volts, is connected to the earth, and is the point of reference for voltages in the circuit.

H **hard disk**—A storage device composed of a rigid platter or platters that can be magnetically coded with data. Hard disks hold much more information than some external media and are used for long-term storage of programs and data. The primary (or only) hard disk in a computer is usually fixed, but some computers have secondary hard disks that are removable.

hardware—The physical components of a computer system. Compare *software*.

HDMI (High-Definition Multimedia Interface)—An interface used to transmit high quality audio and video signal via a single cable in digital format, providing better picture quality than analog signal.

HDMI-CEC (HDMI Consumer Electronics Control)—One A/V component can control another while using this function, if connected with HDMI cables. See also *HDMI*.

Hibernation—A feature of many Toshiba computers that saves to the internal storage drive the current state of your work, including all open files and programs, when you turn the computer off. When you turn on the computer again, your work is returned to the same state it was when the computer was turned off. See also *Sleep, Suspend*.

hot swapping—The ability to add or remove devices from a computer while the computer is running and have the operating system automatically recognize the change.

I icon—A small image displayed on the screen that represents a function, file, or program.

interlaced—A method of refreshing a computer screen, in which only every other line of pixels is refreshed. Interlaced monitors take two passes to create a complete screen image. Compare *non-interlaced*.

internal device—See *device*.

Internet—The decentralized, world-wide network of computers that provides electronic mail, the World Wide Web, and other services. See also *World Wide Web*.

K keyboard shortcut—A key or combination of keys that you use to perform a task instead of using a pointing device such as a mouse.

L L1 (level one) cache—Memory cache built into the processor to help improve processing speed. See also *cache, CPU cache, L2 cache*.

L2 (level two) cache—Memory cache installed on the motherboard to help improve processing speed. It is slower than L1 cache and faster than main memory. See also *cache, CPU cache, L1 cache*.

LAN (Local Area Network)—A group of computers or other devices dispersed over a relatively limited area and connected by a communications link that enables any device to interact with any other on the network.

LED (Light Emitting Diode)—A solid state lamp (SSL) that uses light-emitting diodes (LEDs) as the source of light, which offers long life and high efficiency output. Multiple diodes are used together, since the light created by individual light-emitting diodes is small compared to incandescent and compact fluorescent lamps.

LCD (Liquid Crystal Display)—A type of display that uses a liquid substance between two transparent electrode panels. When an electric current passes through the electrodes, the molecules in the liquid form a crystalline pattern that polarizes the light passing through it. A filter over the electrodes permits only non-polarized light to pass to the surface of the display, creating light and dark pixels.

load—To move information from a storage device (such as a hard disk) into memory for processing.

local area network—See *LAN*.

logical drive—A section of a disk that is recognized by the operating system as a separate disk drive. A system's logical drives may differ from its physical drives. For example, a single hard disk drive may be partitioned into two or more logical drives.

M **memory**—Typically refers to the computer's main memory, where programs are run and data is temporarily stored and processed. Memory can be volatile and hold data temporarily, such as RAM, or it can be nonvolatile and hold data permanently, such as ROM. A computer's main memory is RAM. See also *RAM*, *ROM*.

microprocessor—See *Central Processing Unit (CPU)*.

MIDI (Musical Instrument Digital Interface)—A standard for connecting musical instruments, synthesizers, and computers. The MIDI standard provides a way of translating music into a form computers can use, and vice versa.

motherboard—The computer's main circuit board that contains the processor, memory, and other primary components.

MS-DOS prompt—See *system prompt*.

multi-function drive—A DVD drive that can read and write to CD and DVD media.

multimedia—A combination of two or more media, such as sound, animation, and video in a computer program or presentation.

Musical Instrument Digital Interface—See *MIDI*.

N network—A collection of computers and associated devices that are connected by communications facilities. A network allows you to share data and peripheral devices, such as printers, with other users and to exchange electronic mail.

non-interlaced—A method of refreshing a computer screen, in which each pixel of every line is refreshed as the electron beam scans across and down the screen. Compare *interlaced*.

non-system disk—A disk for storing programs and data that cannot be used to start the computer. Compare *system disk*.

O online—Available through the computer. Online may refer to information being read from your own computer's internal storage drive, such as online documentation or online Help, or to information coming from another company on a company network or the Internet.

operating system—A set of programs that controls how the computer works. Examples of operating systems are the Windows Vista[®], Windows[®] 7, and Windows 8 operating systems.

optical disc drive—A drive which reads plastic coated discs on which information is recorded digitally, and uses a laser to read data, music, or videos.

P palette—See *color palette*.

password—A unique string of characters entered by a user to verify his or her identity to the computer or the network.

PC Card—A credit-card-sized expansion card designed to increase the capabilities of computers. PC Cards provide functions such as modem, fax/modem, hard disk drive, network adapter, sound card, or SCSI adapter.

- peripheral**—Any device, such as a printer or joystick, that is attached to the computer and controlled by the computer's CPU.
- pixel**—Short for “picture element.” The smallest dot that can be produced on a screen or printer.
- Plug and Play**—Generally, refers to the computer's ability to automatically configure itself to work with peripheral devices. When capitalized, refers to a standard that, when followed by a device manufacturer, allows a computer to configure itself automatically to work with the device.
- pointer**—An icon (usually an arrow) that moves on the screen when you slide your finger across the touch pad or move a mouse. Used to point to and select/activate on-screen items, such as icons, menu items, and buttons. The shape and purpose of the pointer varies depending on the program you are using and what you are doing.
- pointing device**—Any device, such as the touch pad or a mouse, that enables you to move the pointer on the screen.
- port**—A socket on the computer where you plug in a cable for connection to a network or a peripheral device.
- processor**—See *Central Processing Unit (CPU)*.
- program**—A set of instructions that can be executed by a computer. The general classes of programs (also called software) are operating system, application, and utility. See also *operating system, application, utility*.
- properties**—The attributes of an object or device. For example, the properties of a file include the file's type, size, and creation date.

R

RAM (Random Access Memory)—Volatile memory that can be written to as well as read. Volatile here means that information in RAM is lost when you turn off your computer. This type of memory is used for your computer's main memory. See also *memory*. Compare *ROM*.

Random Access Memory—See *RAM*.

Read-Only Memory—See *ROM*.

reboot—See *boot, restart*.

removable disk—A disk that can be removed from a disk drive. A Flash drive is one example of a removable disk.

resolution—A measure of the sharpness of the images that can be produced by a printer or displayed on a screen. For a printer, resolution is expressed in dots per inch (dpi). For a screen, it is expressed as the number of pixels available horizontally and vertically.

restart—Synonymous with reboot. To reset the computer by reloading the operating system without turning the computer off. See also *boot*.

RGB (Red, Green, Blue) monitor—A monitor that reproduces all colors by mixing red, green, and blue light in various combinations.

RJ45 connector—An eight-wire connector used to connect a computer to a network.

ROM (Read-Only Memory)—Non-volatile memory that can be read but not written to. Non-volatile here means that information in ROM remains whether or not the computer is receiving power. This type of memory is used to store your computer's BIOS, which is essential instructions the computer reads when you start it up. See also *BIOS, memory*. Compare *RAM*.

S Secure Digital (SD)—A small, portable, non-volatile memory card used to store and transfer data between digital products, providing encryption capability for content security.

select—To highlight or otherwise specify text, data, or graphics with the intent to perform some operation on it.

shortcut—See *keyboard shortcut*.

Sleep—A feature of some Windows® operating systems that allows you to turn off the computer without exiting your open applications and to continue from where you left off when you turn the computer on again.

software—See *program*. Compare *hardware*.

solid state drive—A data storage device that utilizes solid-state memory as opposed to a hard disk (see also *hard disk*). Solid state drives hold a large amount of information and are used for storage of programs and data.

Start screen—Displays the new Windows® operating system look and feel.

Suspend—A feature of some Windows® operating systems that allows you to turn off the computer without exiting your open applications and to continue from where you left off when you turn the computer on again.

Swipe—Swipe an open window to the left or right of the screen to display the next or previous window.

system prompt—The symbol (in the MS-DOS® operating system, generally a drive letter followed by a “greater than” sign) indicating where users are to enter commands.

T **TFT display**—See *active-matrix display*.

Touch—To activate items displayed on the screen, such as apps, setting icons, and on-screen buttons by touching them with your finger.

Tile/Tiles—A list of square or rectangular icons on the Start screen representing applications that can be accessed by selecting them.

U **Universal Serial Bus (USB)**—USB is a serial bus that supports data transfer. USB allows hot swapping of peripherals. See also *bus*, *hot swapping*, *serial*.

upload—To send a file to another computer through a modem or network. See also *download*.

USB—See *Universal Serial Bus (USB)*.

USB Flash drive—A small, portable flash memory card that plugs into a computer’s USB port and functions as a portable hard drive. They are smaller and more durable than an external hard drive because they do not contain any internal moving parts, but have less storage capacity. See also *Universal Serial Bus (USB)*.

utility—A computer program designed to perform a narrowly focused operation or solve a specific problem. Utilities are often related to computer system management.

W

Web—See *World Wide Web*.

Wi-Fi®—A registered trademark term of the Wi-Fi Alliance that stands for Wireless Fidelity, and is another term for the communication protocol to permit an Ethernet connection using wireless communication components.

World Wide Web (www)—The worldwide network of Web sites linked together over the Internet. A user of the Web can jump from site to site regardless of the location of the computer hosting the site. See also *Internet*.

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